WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

A1

(51) International Patent Classification 6:

C07D 215/54, A61K 31/47, C07D 241/44, A61K 31/50, C07D 213/82, A61K 31/455, C07D 217/26, 237/28, A61K 31/495, C07D 307/85, A61K 31/34, C07D 333/70, A61K 31/38, C07D 235/24, A61K 31/415, C07D 241/24, 209/42, A61K 31/40, C07D 277/68, A61K 31/425, C07D 221/04, 213/81, 405/12, 401/12, 409/12, 417/12, 403/12, 471/04 // (C07D 471/04, 231:00, 221:00)

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 98/38167

(43) International Publication Date:

3 September 1998 (03.09.98)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US98/01568

(22) International Filing Date:

5 February 1998 (05.02.98)

(30) Priority Data:

60/039.169

26 February 1997 (26.02.97)

us

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): PFIZER INC. [US/US]; 235 East 42nd Street; New York, NY 10017 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): BROWN, Matthew, Frank [US/US]; 66 Greenhaven Road, Pawcatuck, CT 06379 (US). KATH, John, Charles [US/US]; 252 Shore Road, Waterford, CT 06385 (US). POSS, Christopher, Stanley [US/US]; 10 Hermitage Drive, Gales Ferry, CT 06335 (US).

(74) Agents: SPIEGEL, Allen, J. et al.; Pfizer Inc., Patent Dept., 235 East 42nd Street, New York, NY 10017 (US).

(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: HETEROARYL-HEXANOIC ACID AMIDE DERIVATIVES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR USE AS SELECTIVE INHIBITORS OF MIP-1-ALPHA BINDING TO ITS CCR1 RECEPTOR

(57) Abstract

 $\begin{array}{c|cccc} Compounds & of & formula\\ (I) & wherein & R^1 & is & optionally\\ substituted & (C_2-C_9)heteroaryl;\\ R^2 & is & optionally & substituted & phenyl-(CH_2)_m-,\\ naphthyl-(CH_2)_m-, \end{array}$

 (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, m is an integer from zero to four; R^3 is hydrogen, or optionally substituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ or aryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, n is an integer from zero to six; or R^3 and the carbon to which it is attached form an optionally substituted and/or fused five to seven membered carbocyclic ring; R^4 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, hydroxy, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy, hydroxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxyCO, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, or optionally substituted (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, phenyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$ or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, p is an integer from zero to four; or R^4 and R^5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form an optionally substituted (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group; R^5 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or amino. The present compounds are potent and selective inhibitors of MIP-1-alpha. binding to its receptor CCR1, and are thus useful to treat inflammation and other immune disorders.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

			•				
AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania .	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV.	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados ·	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	ΙE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	· Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger *	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

20

25

30

35

40

are currently known.

HETEROARYL-HEXANOIC ACID AMIDE DERIVATIVES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR USE AS SELECTIVE INHIBITORS OF MIP-1.ALPHA. BINDING TO ITS CCR1 RECEPTOR

Background of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel hexanoic acid derivatives, methods of use and pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

The compounds of the invention are potent and selective inhibitors of MIP-1 α binding to its receptor CCR1 found on inflammatory and immunomodulatory cells (preferably leukocytes and lymphocytes). The CCR1 receptor is also sometimes referred to as the CC-CKR1 receptor. These compounds also inhibit MIP-1α (and the related chemokine shown to interact with CCR1 (e.g., RANTES and MCP-3)) induced chemotaxis of THP-1 cells and human leukocytes and are potentially useful for the treatment or prevention of autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection (chronic and acute), organ rejection (chronic and acute), atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (coreceptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis).

MIP-1α and RANTES are soluble chemotactic peptides (chemokines) which are produced by inflammatory cells, in particular CD8+ lymphocytes, polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMNs) and macrophages, J.Biol. Chem., 270 (30) 29671-29675 (1995). These chemokines act by inducing the migration and activation of key inflammatory and immunomodulatory cells. Elevated levels of chemokines have been found in the synovial fluid of rheumatoid arthritis patients, chronic and rejecting tissue transplant patients and in the nasal secretions of allergic rhinitis patients following allergen exposure (Teran , et al., J. Immunol., 1806-1812 (1996), and Kuna et al., J. Allergy Clin. Immunol. 321 (1994)). Antibodies which interfere with the chemokine/receptor interaction by neutralizing MIP1α or gene disruption have provided direct evidence for the role of MIP-1α and RANTES in disease by limiting the recruitment of monocytes and CD8+ lymphocytes (Smith et al., J. Immunol, 153, 4704 (1994) and Cook et al., Science, 269, 1583 (1995)). Together this data demonstrates that CCR1 antagonists would be an effective at treatment of several immune based diseases. The compounds described within are potent and selective antagonists of CCR1. No other small molecule antagonists of the MIP-1α /RANTES interaction with CCR1

United States Patent 4,923,864, issued May 8, 1990, refers to certain heterocyclic hexanamides that are useful for treating hypertension.

PCT publication WO 89/01488, published February 23, 1989, refers to renin inhibiting peptides which possess nonpeptide linkages.

PCT publication WO 93/ 025057, published February 4, 1993, refers to dipeptide analogs which are claimed to inhibit retroviral proteases.

PCT publication WO 93/17003, published September 2, 1993, refers to other dipeptide analogs which are claimed to inhibit retroviral proteases.

PCT publication WO 92/17490, published October 15, 1992, refers to peptides containing at least one O-phosphate monoester or diester. The compounds are claimed to possess activity for inhibiting retroviruses.

European Patent Publication 708,085, published April 24, 1996, refers to antiviral ethers of aspartate protease inhibitors.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to compounds of the formula

20

25

30

15

1

wherein R¹ is (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more substituents (preferably one to three substituents) independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C_1$ H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, NO_2 , amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-$

35

 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-NH-, \quad H_2N-SO_2-, \quad H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_3-, \quad (C_3-C_1)cycloalkyl, \quad (C_2-C_9)heterocycloalkyl, \quad (C_2-C_9)heteroaryl;$

 R^2 is phenyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or 10 (C2-C9)heteroaryl-(CH2)m-, wherein m is an interger from zero to four, wherein each of said phenyl, naphthyl. (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl or (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl moieties of said phenyl-(CH₂)_m-, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_m$ or (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_m$ groups may naphthyl-(CH₂)_m-, optionally be substituted with one or more substituents (preferably one to three substituents) independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, 15 (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)-(C=0)-(C=0)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)- $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$ H(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO₂, amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, 20 (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H_2 N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_-$, $[(C_1-C_6)a|ky|]_2N-(C=O)_-$, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $(C_1-C_6)a|ky|-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH- (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)Alkyl(C=O)-NH,$ [NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyi, 25 (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-. SO₃-, phenyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C2-C9)heteroaryl;

 R^3 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -; wherein n is an interger from zero to six;

wherein said R³ (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl group may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, (preferably from one to three substituents) independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) aikyl, (C_1-C_6) aikoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=0)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)-O- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H(O=C)_{-}$, $H(O=C)_{-}(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl, $(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl $(O=C)_{-}$, $(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl $(O=C)_{-}(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl, NO_{2} , amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino,

 $(C_1-C_6) \text{alkylamino} (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad [(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}]_2 \text{amino} (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad H_2 \text{N-}(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-NH-} (C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}]_2 \text{N-}(C=O)-, \quad H_2 \text{N}(C=O)-(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-HN}(C=O)-(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad [(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-HN}(C=O)-(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl}, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C=O)- [NH](C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-}](C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-}, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-}, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-} (C_1-C_6) \text{alkyl-}, \quad (C_1-C_6)$

wherein the (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl moiety of said R³ (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀- group may optionally be substituted by one to three substitutents independently selected from the 15 group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- $(C_1 - C_6) alkyl, \ \, (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - O - (C = O) - (C_1 - C_6) alkyl, \ \, (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - (C = O) - O - (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - (C = O) - (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - (C_1 -$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl. H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-,$ (C_1-C_6) alky!(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)-, \ \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alky$ 25 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-,$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ $(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-NH-, H_2N-SO_2-, H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl HN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, CF_3SO_3-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_3-, phenyl,$ (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl moiety of said R^3 (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur, oxygen, >S(=O), $>SO_2$ or $>NR^6$, wherein said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl moiety of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond (preferably one to three substitutents per ring) with a substituent independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl

20

25

30

35

 $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1$ [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, amino, $(C_1-C_6)alkylamino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H_2N-(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C_1-C_$ $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_$ $[(C_1-C_6)aikyi]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)aikyi, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)aikyi(C$ 10 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H₂N-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, (S=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)aikyiHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyi$, $[(C_1-C_6)aikyi]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyi$, CF_3SO_3- , $(C_1-C_6)aikyi-C_6$ SO_{3-} , phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

wherein the (C2-C9)heteroaryl moiety of said R3 (C2-C9)heteroaryl-(CH2)n- group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen, wherein said (C2-C9)heteroaryl moiety of said (C2-C9)heteroaryl-(CH2)n- group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond (preferably one to three substitutents per ring) with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- $(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \ \ (C_1-C_6)$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad amino, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkylamino, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino, \quad amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)a$ $(C_1-C_6)alkylamino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C_1-C_$ $(C=O)-, \ \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH [NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (S=O)-, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloaikyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloaikyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; and

wherein said aryl moiety of said R^3 aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group is optionally substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein said phenyl and naphthyl may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl

 $(C=O)_{-}, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}(C=O)_{-}, HO_{-}(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O_{-}($ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, NO₂. amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H_2N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C_1-C_6)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2$ 10 $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂N-(C=O)-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH- (C_1-C_6) alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(C=O)- $\{NH\}(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C_1-C_6)-, (C$ SO_2 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -NH-, H_2 N- SO_2 -, H_2 N- SO_2 -(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl HN- SO_2 - (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_3 -, 15 (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

or R3 and the carbon to which it is attached form a five to seven membered carbocyclic ring, wherein any of the carbon atoms of said five membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms 20 (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-$, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 ; 25 amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2$ amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-}$, $[(C_1-C_6)a|ky|]_2N_-(C=O)_-$, $H_2N_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $(C_1-C_6)a|ky|_-HN_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)aikyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$ [NH](C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1 - C_6)alkyl](C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-30 (C_1-C_6) alkyi-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyi-SO₂-NH-, (S=O)-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; wherein one of the carbon-carbon bonds of said five to seven membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be fused to an optionally substituted phenyl ring, wherein said substitutents may be 35 independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl. (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-

 (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, 5 (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-1} [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)_{-1} H_2N(C=O)_{-1}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)_{-1}(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ 10 (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (S=O)-, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyi- (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

 R^4 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, hydroxy, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy, hydroxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-(CH2)0-. (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_o-, 15 (C_1-C_6) alkoxy(C=O)-, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, wherein p is an integer from zero to four; wherein said (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl, (C2-C9)heteroaryl, phenyl and naphthyl groups of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_0$ -, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, or naphthyl-(CH₂)_p- may be optionally substituted on any of the ring atoms capable of supporting an additional bond (preferably zero to two substituents per ring) with a substituent 20 selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), $(C_1-C_6)alkoxy(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, HO-(C=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-$, $\text{HO-}(C=O) - (C_1 - C_6) \\ \text{alkyl-}(C_1 - C_6) \\ \text{alkyl-}(C=O) - (C_1 - C_6) \\ \text{alkyl-$ 25 $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂ amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl. (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=0)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)$ -, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ - $HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C$ 30 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyi, H₂N-SO₂-, (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -, $(C_1-C_6)aikyIHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI, \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI, \\ CF_3SO_3-, \\ (C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3, \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3 \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3 \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3]_2N-SO_3 \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3]_2N-SO_3$ phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

or R^4 and R^5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group wherein any of the ring atoms of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group may optionally be substituted, preferably from zero to two substituents, with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy.

25

30

35

R⁵ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or amino;

R⁶ is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy(C=O)- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (SO_2) - $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy(C=O)- $(CH_2)_g$ -, or (C_6-C_{10}) aryl- (SO_2) - $(CH_2)_g$ -, wherein g is an integer from zero to four;

with the proviso that when one of R^4 or R^5 is hydrogen, and the other of R^4 or R^5 is (C_1-C_6) alkyl; R^2 is (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl or isopropyl and R^3 is (C_3-C_5) alkyl, phenyl, methylvinyl, dimethylvinyl, halovinyl, hydroxy(C_1-C_3)alkyl or amino(C_1-C_4)alkyl then R^1 must be other than indol-5-yl, 6-azaindol-2-yl, 2,3-dichloro-pyrrol-5-yl, 4-hydroxyquinolin-3-yl, 2-hydroxyquinoxalin-3-yl, 6-azaindolin-3-yl, or optionally substituted indol-2 or 3-yl;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such compounds.

The present invention also relates to the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of the formula I. The acids which are used to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the aforementioned base compounds of this invention are those which form non-toxic acid addition salts, <u>i.e.</u>, salts containing pharmacologically acceptable anions, such as the hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, nitrate, sulfate, bisulfate, phosphate, acid phosphate, acetate, lactate, citrate, acid citrate, tartrate, bitartrate, succinate, maleate, fumarate, gluconate, saccharate, benzoate, methanesulfonate, ethanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate and pamoate [<u>i.e.</u>, 1,1'-methylene-bis-(2-hydroxy-3- naphthoate)]salts.

The invention also relates to base addition salts of formula I. The chemical bases that may be used as reagents to prepare pharmaceutically acceptable base salts of those compounds of formula I that are acidic in nature are those that form non-toxic base salts with such compounds. Such non-toxic base salts include, but are not limited to those derived from

10

15

20

25

30

35

such pharmacologically acceptable cations such as alkali metal cations (<u>e.g.</u>, potassium and sodium) and alkaline earth metal cations (<u>e.g.</u>, calcium and magnesium), ammonium or water-soluble amine addition salts such as N-methylglucamine-(meglumine), and the lower alkanolammonium and other base salts of pharmaceutically acceptable organic amines.

The compounds of this invention may contain olefin-like double bonds. When such bonds are present, the compounds of the invention exist as cis and trans configurations and as mixtures thereof.

Unless otherwise indicated, the alkyl and alkenyl groups referred to herein, as well as the alkyl moieties of other groups referred to herein (e.g., alkoxy), may be linear or branched, and they may also be cyclic (e.g., cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl or cycloheptyl) or be linear or branched and contain cyclic moieties. Branched groups such as 2-methylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl are defined such that the lowest number is the carbon furthest from the point of attachment. Unless otherwise indicated, halogen includes fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine.

(C₃-C₁₀)Cycloalkyl when used herein refers to cycloalkyl groups containing zero to two levels of unsaturation such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexell, cyclohexell, cyclohexell, bicyclo[3.2.1]octane, norbornanyl etc...

 (C_2-C_9) Heterocycloalkyl when used herein refers to pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, pyranyl, thiopyranyl, aziridinyl, oxiranyl, methylenedioxyl, chromenyl, isoxazolidinyl, 1,3-oxazolidin-3-yl, isothiazolidinyl, 1,3-thiazolidin-3-yl, 1,2-pyrazolidin-2-yl, 1,3-pyrazolidin-1-yl, piperidinyl, thiomorpholinyl, 1,2-tetrahydrothiazin-2-yl, 1,3-tetrahydrothiazin-3-yl, tetrahydrothiadiazinyl, morpholinyl, 1,2-tetrahydrodiazin-2-yl, 1,3-tetrahydrodiazin-1-yl, tetrahydroazepinyl, piperazinyl, chromanyl, etc. One of ordinary skill in the art will understand that the connection of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl rings is through a carbon or a sp³ hybridized nitrogen heteroatom.

(C2-C9)Heteroaryl when used herein refers to furyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrrolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,3,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, 1,2,4-triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazinyl, 1,3,5-triazinyl, 6.7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl. isothianaphthenyl, thianaphthenyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, indolizinyl, indazolyl, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, benzoxazinyl; etc. One of ordinary skill in the art will

15

20

25

30

5 understand that the connection of said (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl rings is through a carbon atom or a sp³ hybridized nitrogen heteroatom.

Aryl when used herein refers to phenyl or naphthyl.

The compounds of this invention include all conformational isomers (e.g., cis and trans isomers) and all optical isomers of compounds of the formula I (e.g., enantiomers and diastereomers), as well as racemic, diastereomeric and other mixtures of such isomers.

Preferred compounds of the of formula I include those with the stereochemistry depicted in formula

Preferred compounds of the formula I include those wherein R1 is optionally substituted

la

pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl,

pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl, more preferably

pyridin-2-yl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindin-3-yl, pyrazolo(3,4-b)pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl. benzothiazol-2-yl, indol-2-yl, pyrazin-2-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, isoquinolin-1-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl, most preferably quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl,

quinoxalin-2-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.

Other preferred compounds of formula I include those wherein R2 is optionally substituted phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, cyclohexyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyridyl, oxazolyl, furanyl, or thiophenyl; wherein said substituents are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, -C(=O)-OH, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy. (C_1-C_6) alkoxy(C=O)-, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O- $(C=O)_-$, $HO_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $(C=O)_-($ (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N- $(C=O)_-$, $H_2N(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N_-(C=O)_-H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-NH$, $(C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)aikyi$, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, phenoxy, and benzyloxy.

Other preferred compounds of formula I include those wherein R³ is optionally substituted (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, benzyl, pyranyl or (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)ո-, wherein any of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl may be optionally replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond; more preferably optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, allyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl 2-methylcyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, or cycloheptyl, more preferably wherein the substituent is fluoro, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or hydroxy.

Examples of specific preferred compounds of the formula I are the following:

7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-20 7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-(hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

-10

30

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)]-amide;

N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloronicotinamide:

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)]-amide; and

benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)]-amide.

Examples of other compounds of the formula I are the following:

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

20 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-25 methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-35 hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

30

35

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1pyridin-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

30

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-cyclohexyl-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-

20 hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-cyclohexyl-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

30

35

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-

10 hydroxycarbamoyl-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methylcyclohexyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-10 (4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2hydroxy-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(2-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-octyl]-amide; 15 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyll-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-20 methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(2trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2hydroxy-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide; 25 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-[3-(1hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl -1-[3-(1hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-30 cyclohexyl)-1-[3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-[3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide; 35 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-[3-(1-

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-thiophen-

hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide;

3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

- 5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-10 methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
- 15 [[1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-20 4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
- [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-30 hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- 35 [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

- 5 [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-10 4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (6-chloro-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
 - quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-isobutyl-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-sec-butyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
 - quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
 - N-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-phenyl-nicotinamide;
- quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-30 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
 - quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
 - isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

5 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-10 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-15 methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-20 methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6methyl-heptyl)-amide; 25 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)propylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 30 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)-hydroxyethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-heptyl]-amide; cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-35

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-

methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

5 N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-bromonicotinamide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(R)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(R)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-10 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; isoquinoline-1-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 15 quinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-20 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; naphthalene-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 25 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohex-1-enyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-(3-methylbutylcarbamoyl)-heptyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)-30 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoline-3-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester; trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester; 35 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-

methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

20

25

30

35

5 isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-5-bromonicotinamide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-prop-2-ynylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

5-bromo-N-(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-nicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

 $\label{eq:quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;$

30

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;

quinoline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-10 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;

benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5,6-dichloro-nicotinamide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-5-bromonicotinamide;

5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-20 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

 $\label{eq:quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;}$

isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

- $\label{eq:carboxylic} 2\text{-methyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide,}$
- 6,7-dimethoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
- 35 6,7-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

15

20

30

35

5 5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

5-chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyloctyl)-amide;

2-methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcabamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

5,6-dichloro-1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

- 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
- 6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
- 5,8-dimethyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;

5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-5-bromonicotinamide;

- 5 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide;
- 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-10 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;
- 25 4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid methyl ester;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;
- 6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-30 methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
 - 6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - 6,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
- 35 6,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide;

20

30

35

6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-10 nonyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-biphenyl-4(R)-ylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-biphenyl-4(R)-ylmethyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide;

6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-nonyl)-amide;

15

20

25

30

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)- amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;

7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-non-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-non-6-enyl)-amide;

7,8 difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

4(S)hydroxy-2(R)-(3-methyl-butyl)-6-phenyl-5(S)-[(quinoxaline-2(R)-carbonyl)-amino]-hexanoic acid;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-nonyl)-amide;

2-{2(S)-hydroxy-4-phenyl-3(S)-[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-butyl}-N1, N4-dimethyl-succinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4-ethylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;

30

- 5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
 - 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-10 phenethyl-octyl)-amide;

7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-[4(R)-(3-methyl-butyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl]-2(S)-phenyl-ethyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(4-methyl-piperazine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(tetrahydro-pyran-4(R)-yl)-pentyl]-amide;

 $\label{eq:quinoxaline-2-carboxylic} \begin{tabular}{l} quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid $[1(S)$-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(piperidine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide; \end{tabular}$

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(morpholine-4(R)-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide;

25 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(3-morpholin-4-yl-propionyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-3-(2-carbamoyl-indan-2-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-propyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-7-phenyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

- 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

20

30

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5-bromonicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(4-isopropyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4(R)-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(3,3,5,5-tetramethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-cycloheptyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-propyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-propyl-oct-5-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2,7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;

heptyl)-amide;

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxyhept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)-10 hydroxy-hexyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-hexyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(4methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; 15 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(4trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-20 hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxyhept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxyhept-6-enyl)-amide; 3-Hydroxy-quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-25 hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide; 30 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-7-trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-(4-35 methylcarbamoyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-ethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-

- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2(R)-pyridin-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(3,4-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-10 fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methoxy-hexyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)-amide;
- 15 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-20 [(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
 - $\label{lem:quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-} \\ [(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;$
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-phenoxy-hexyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-isopropoxy-hexyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-30 (4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4-(2-ethylsulfanyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-methoxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-3-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-5 pyridin-4(R)-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-tert-butoxy-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-10 hydroxy-hexyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-1(S)-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(1,1-dioxo-hexahydrothiopyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(6-15 methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-methoxybenzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(3-methoxy-20 benzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2thiophen-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[2-(4-amino-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-1(S)-25 benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; 30 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-[(furan-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl]-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(4-methoxy-35 benzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-cyclohexyloxy-2(S)-

hydroxy-hexyl)-amide;

methyl-octyl)-amide;

methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[(1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-1(S)-5 benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide; 10 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluorocyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-15 hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-20 hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloronicotinamide; benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-25 methyl-octyl)-amide; cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-1-(4-iodo-30 benzyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7methyl-octyl)-amide; 6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-35

isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-

25

30

35

5 2-methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-pyridin-3-yl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5,6-dichloronicotinamide;

N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-bromonicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-phenyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-pyridin-2-yl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxy-tetrahydro-thiopyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide;

1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-5-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

- 5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methoxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2(S)-10 hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-o-tolyl-pentyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-20 2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl}-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-3-methyl-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-5-bromo-
- 30 nicotinamide;
 - 8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
 - 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
- 35 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

20

30

35

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide;

 $\label{eq:quinoxaline-2-carboxylic} \begin{tabular}{ll} quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; \end{tabular}$

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-m-tolyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-isobutylcarbamoyl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-adamantan-2-yl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(9-hydroxy-bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(2-hydroxy-adamantan-2-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(9-hydroxy-bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-buty l]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4- (1-hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]- amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4-ethyl-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-but yl]-amide;

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

- 7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - 6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-20 hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

- 7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [(4R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-0 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

 $\label{eq:quinoxaline-2-carboxylic} \begin{tabular}{l} quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid $[1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; \end{tabular}$

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-10 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-ylmethyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(3-hydroxy-20 phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-5-(3-ethoxy-2-hydroxy-phenyl)-2-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2,6-dihydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-pentyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide; and

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-trifluoromethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide.

10

15

20

25

30

35

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis). in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising an amount of a compound of the formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by inhibiting MIP-1 α binding to the receptor CCR1 in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Examples of such disorders and conditions are those enumerated in the preceding paragraph.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or

10

15

20

25

30

35

prevention an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

This invention also encompasses pharmaceutical compositions containing and methods of treating or preventing comprising administering prodrugs of compounds of the

formula I. Compounds of formula I having free amino, amido, hydroxy or carboxylic groups can be converted into prodrugs. Prodrugs include compounds wherein an amino acid residue, or a polypeptide chain of two or more (e.g., two, three or four) amino acid residues which are covalently joined through peptide bonds to free amino, hydroxy or carboxylic acid groups of compounds of formula I. The amino acid residues include the 20 naturally occurring amino acids commonly designated by three letter symbols and also include, 4-hydroxyproline, hydroxylysine, demosine, isodemosine, 3-methylhistidine, norvalin, beta-alanine, gamma-aminobutyric acid, citrulline homocysteine, homoserine, ornithine and methionine sulfone. Prodrugs also include compounds wherein carbonates, carbamates, amides and alkyl esters which are covalently bonded to the above substituents of formula I through the carbonyl carbon prodrug sidechain. Prodrugs also include compounds of formula I in which the secondary amide and its ß-hydroxy when taken together form a group of the formula

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{N} \xrightarrow{N} O NR^{4}R^{5}$$

$$(CH_{2})_{b} -U$$

ľ

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are as defined in formula I and U and V are independently carbonyl, methylene, SO_2 or SO_3 , and b is an integer from one to three wherein each methylene group is optionally substituted with hydroxy.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Compounds of the formula I may be prepared according to the following reaction schemes and discussion. Unless otherwise indicated g, n, m, p, and R¹ through R⁶ and structural formula I in the reaction Schemes and discussion that follow are as defined above.

Scheme 1 refers to the preparation of compounds of the formula I having the exact stereochemistry

10

15

20

25

30

Compounds of the formula la and lb, or any of the intermediates thereof, can be separated by column chromatography according to methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to yield pure compounds of the formula la and lb.

Referring to Scheme 1, compounds of the formula I, wherein either or both R⁴ or R⁵ are other than hydrogen, are prepared from compounds of the formula II (i.e. IIa and IIb) by reaction with a compound of the formula R⁴R⁵NH in a polar solvent at a temperature from about 0°C to about 100°C, preferably the boiling point of the solvent used, i.e. 65°C when methanol is the solvent. Suitable solvents include, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, or butanols or ethers such as glyme or dioxane (an acid catalyst is preferably used with an ether solvent). Preferably the solvent is dioxane.

Alternatively, compounds of formula I, wherein either or both R⁴ and R⁵ are hydrogen, can be prepared from compounds of formula II, (i.e. IIa and IIb) by reaction with ammonia or another volatile amine in a polar solvent at a temperature from about -10°C to about 35°C, preferably at about 30°C. Suitable solvents include, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, or butanols; or ethers such as glyme or dioxane (an acid catalyst may be used with an ether solvent). Preferably the solvent is methanol.

Compounds of formula II are prepared by coupling a compound of formula III (i.e. IIIa and IIIb) with an acid of the formula R¹CO₂H. Such a coupling reaction is generally conducted at a temperature of about -30°C to about 80°C, preferably about 0°C to about 25°C. Examples of suitable coupling reagents which activate the carboxylic acid functionality are dicyclohexylcarbodiimide/hydroxybenzotriazole (DCC/HBT), N-3-dimethylaminopropyl-N'-ethylcarbodiimide (EDC)/HBT, 2-ethyoxy-1-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (EEDQ), carbonyl diimidazole (CDI)/dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), and diethylphosphorylcyanide. The coupling is conducted in an inert solvent, preferably an

15

20

25

30

35

5 aprotic solvent, such as acetonitirile, dichloromethane, chloroform, and dimethylformamide. The preferred solvent is dichloromethane.

For a discussion of other conditions used for amide coupling see Houben-Weyl, Vol. XV, part II, E. Wunsch, Ed., George Theime Veriag, 1974, Stuttgart, and those described in M. Bodanszky. <u>Principles of Peptide Synthesis</u>, Springer-Verlag, Berlin (1984) and <u>The Peptides. Analysis</u>, Synthesis and <u>Biology</u> (ed. E. Gross and J. Meienhofer), Vois 1-5. (Academic Press, New York) 1979-1983.

The compounds of formula III, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n-}$, or aryl- $(CH_2)_{n-}$ can be prepared by deprotection of compounds of the formula IV (i.e. IVa and IVb). Suitable protecting groups, of the formula P, include carbobenzyloxy, t-butoxy carbonyl or 9-fluorenyl-methylenoxy carbonyl.

For example:

- (a) If the protecting group, P, of the compound of the formula IV is carbobenzyloxy, the latter may be removed by hydrogenation with a nobel metal catalyst such as palladium or palladium hydroxide on carbon in the presence of hydrogen. The hydrogenation is generally conducted at a temperature of about 0°C to about 100°C, preferably about 20°C to 50°C.
- (b) If the protecting group, P, is t-butoxycarbonyl group, such group may be removed by acidolysis. Acidolysis may be conducted with HCl in dioxane or with trifluoracetic acid in methylene chloride at a temperature of about -30°C to about -70°C, preferably about -5°C to about 35°C.
- (c) If the protecting group, P, is 9-fluorenylmethylenoxycarbonyl, such group may be removed by treatment with an amine base, preferably piperidine. This reaction may be run in piperidine as solvent at 10°C to about 100°C, preferably at 25°C.

Compounds of the formula III, wherein R^3 is substituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - may be prepared from compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, wherein one of the carbon-carbon single bonds is replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond, by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Specifically, one example of introduction of substitution into the R^3 group, a compound of formula III, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl substituted by one to three fluoro groups can be prepared from compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, wherein one of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl has been replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond, by reaction with hydrogen fluoride in pyridine (i.e. pyridinium poly(hydrogen

20

25

30

fluoride), in a reaction inert solvent. Suitable solvents include cyclohexane, toluene or benzene, preferably benzene. The aforesaid reaction is run at a temperature from about - 78°C to about 35°C. Preferably, this reaction is carried out in benzene at about 25°C.

Compounds of the formula IV , wherein R³ is (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl-(CH₂)_n- or aryl-(CH₂)_n-, wherein n is other than zero, can be prepared by reaction of a compound of formula V with a compound of the formula R³-L, wherein L is a leaving group, in the presence of a strong base in an aprotic polar solvent. Suitable leaving groups include chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, mesylate, triflate or tosylate. Preferably, the leaving group is a triflate, iodide or bromide. Triflates may be easily prepared according to the method of Beard, et al., J Org Chem., 38, 3673 (1973). Suitable bases include lithium dialkyl amides such as lithium N-isopropyl-N-cyclohexylamide or potassium hydride. Suitable solvents include ethers (such as THF, glyme or dioxane) benzene or toluene, preferably THF. The aforesaid reaction is conducted at about -78°C to about 0°C, preferably at about -78°C.

Alternatively, compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - can be prepared by reaction of a compound of formula V with an aldehyde or ketone precursor of R^3 in an aldol condensation. For example, a compound of the formula V can be reacted with a compound of the formula R^3 (=O) in the presence of a base, to form an aldol intermediate of the formula

V١

which may be isolated and taken on to final product or converted directly in the same reaction step to a compound of the formula IV by the loss of water. The degree of completion for the conversion of compounds of the formula II to the aldol product of formula I may be assessed using one or more analytical techniques, such as thin layer chromatography (tlc) or mass spectrometry. In some instances it may be possible or desirable to isolate the intermediate of formula VI. In such case, the compound of formula VI may be converted into the compound of formula IV by the elimination of water using techniques which are familiar to those skilled in the art, for example, by heating to the reflux temperature a solution of the compound of formula VI

15

20

25

30

35

in a solvent such as benzene, toluene or xylene, in the presence of a catalytic amount of phosphorous pentoxide, benzene- or p-toluene-sulfonic acid with provision for the removal of the water generated, preferably (methoxycarbonylsulfamoyl)-triethylammonium hydroxide (Burgess reagent). Such water removal techniques may involve the use of molecular sieves or a Dean-Stark trap to isolate the water created as an azeotrope with the solvent.

The aldol reaction is typically carried out in a polar solvent such as DMSO, DMF, tetrahydrofuran (THF), methanol or ethanol, at a temperature from about -78°C to about 80°C. Preferably, this reaction is carried out in THF at about -78°C. Suitable bases for use in the aldol formation step include potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), sodium carbonate (Na₂CO₃), sodium hydride (NaH), sodium methoxide, potassium-tert.-butoxide, lithium diisopropylamide, pyrrolidine and piperidine. Lithium diisopropylamide is preferred. Aldol condensations are described in "Modern Synthetic Reactions," Herbert O. House, 2d. Edition, W.A. Benjamin, Menlo Park, California, 629-682 (1972), J. Org. Chem., 49, 2455 (1984), and Tetrahedron, 38 (20), 3059 (1982).

Compounds of the formula IV wherein R³ is unsaturated can be converted to saturated analogues by hydrogenating the compounds containing a carbon-carbon double bond, using standard techniques that are well known to those skilled in the art. For example, reduction of the double bond may be effected with hydrogen gas (H₂), using catalysts such as palladium on carbon (Pd/C), palladium on barium sulfate (Pd/BaSO₄), platinum on carbon (Pt/C), or tris(triphenylphosphine) rhodium chloride (Wilkinson's catalyst), in an appropriate solvent such as methanol, ethanol, THF, dioxane or ethyl acetate, at a pressure from about 1 to about 5 atmospheres and a temperature from about 10°C to about 60°C, as described in Catalytic Hydrogenation in Organic Synthesis, Paul Rylander, Academic Press Inc., San Diego, 31-63 (1979). The following conditions are preferred: Pd on carbon, methanol at 25°C and 50 psi of hydrogen gas pressure. This method also provides for introduction of hydrogen isotopes (i.e., deuterium, tritium) by replacing ¹H₂ with ²H₂ or ³H₂ in the above procedure.

An alternative procedure employing the use of reagents such as ammonium formate and Pd/C in methanol at the reflux temperature under an inert atmosphere (e.g., nitrogen or argon gas) is also effective in reducing the carbon-carbon double bond of compounds of the formula I. Another alternative method involves selective reduction of the carbon-carbon bond. This can be accomplished using samarium and iodine or samarium iodide (Sml₂) in methanol or ethanol at about room temperature, as described by R. Yanada et. al., Synlett., 443-4 (1995).

Compounds of the formula V can be prepared by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art or are commercially available. Specifically, compounds of the formula

Va and Vb (shown below) can be prepared by the method of Fray et al., (<u>J. Org. Chem., 51, 4828-4833 (1986)</u>) using an (S)-aldehyde of the formula

Compounds of the formula VII are prepared by reducing amino acids or amino esters to alcohols (Stanfield et al., J. Org. Chem. 46, 4799-4800 (1981), Soai et al., Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn., 57, 2327 (1984)) followed by oxidation of the alcohols to aldehydes of the formula VII (Luly et al., J.Org. Chem., 53 (26), 6109-6112 (1988) and Denis et al., J. Org. Chem., 56 (24), 6939-6942 (1991).). Un-natural amino acids can be prepared according to the method of Myers et al., Tet. Lett. 36, (1995) and Myers et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 117, 8488-8489 (1995).

Alternatively, compounds of the formula V can also be made by the method of DeCamp et al., (Tetrahedron Lett., 32, 1867 (1991)).

5 Compounds of the formula I, with the exact

stereochemistry

$$R^2$$
 NR^4R^5
 NR^4R^5
 NR^4R^5
 NR^4R^5
 NR^4R^5
 NR^4R^5

can be prepared according to the methods of Scheme 1, using either the minor lactone diastereomer of the formula,

which can be prepared by the method of Fray, <u>supra</u>, from the (S)-aldehyde, or the alternate diastereomeric pair of the formula

10

15

20

25

30

35

$$P- \underset{Vc}{ \underset{P}{ \longrightarrow} } Q$$

which can be prepared using the corresponding (R)-aldehyde according to the method of Fray, supra.

Aldehyde or ketone precursors of the group R³ are commercially available (e.g., cyclohexanone) or can be made by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as described in J. Am. Chem. Soc., 90, 7001 (1968) and J. Org. Chem., 40, 574 (1975).

Unless indicated otherwise, the pressure of each of the above reactions is not critical. Generally, the reactions will be conducted at a pressure of about one to about three atmospheres, preferably at ambient pressure (about one atmosphere).

The compounds of the formula I which are basic in nature are capable of forming a wide variety of different salts with various inorganic and organic acids. Although such salts must be pharmaceutically acceptable for administration to animals, it is often desirable in practice to initially isolate a compound of the formula I from the reaction mixture as a pharmaceutically unacceptable salt and then simply convert the latter back to the free base compound by treatment with an alkaline reagent, and subsequently convert the free base to a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt. The acid addition salts of the base compounds of this invention are readily prepared by treating the base compound with a substantially equivalent amount of the chosen mineral or organic acid in an aqueous solvent medium or in a suitable organic solvent such as methanol or ethanol. Upon careful evaporation of the solvent, the desired solid salt is obtained.

The acids which are used to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the base compounds of this invention are those which form non-toxic acid addition salts, i.e., salts containing pharmacologically acceptable anions, such as hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, nitrate, sulfate or bisulfate, phosphate or acid phosphate, acetate, lactate, citrate or acid citrate, tartrate or bitartrate, succinate, maleate, fumarate, gluconate, saccharate, benzoate, methanesulfonate and pamoate [i.e., 1,1'-methylene-bis-(2-hydroxy-3-naphthoate)] salts.

Those compounds of the formula I which are also acidic in nature, are capable of forming base salts with various pharmacologically acceptable cations. Examples of such salts include the alkali metal or alkaline-earth metal salts and particularly, the sodium and

25

30 -

35

5 potassium salts. These salts are all prepared by conventional techniques. The chemical bases which are used as reagents to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable base salts of this invention are those which form non-toxic base salts with the herein described acidic compounds of formula I. These non-toxic base salts include those derived from such pharmacologically acceptable cations as sodium, potassium, calcium and magnesium, etc.
10 These salts can easily be prepared by treating the corresponding acidic compounds with an aqueous solution containing the desired pharmacologically acceptable cations, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness, preferably under reduced pressure. Alternatively, they may also be prepared by mixing lower alkanolic solutions of the acidic compounds and the desired alkali metal alkoxide together, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness in the same manner as before. In either case, stoichiometric quantities of reagents are preferably employed in order to ensure completeness of reaction and maximum product yields.

Compounds of the formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts (hereinafter also referred to, collectively, as "the active compounds") are potent antagonists of the CCR1 receptors. The active compounds are useful in the treatment or prevention of autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis).

The activity of the compounds of the invention can be assessed according to procedures know to those of ordinary skill in the art. Examples of recognized methods for determining CCR1 induced migration can be found in Coligan, J. E., Kruisbeek, A.M., Margulies, D.H., Shevach, E.M., Strober, W. editors: <u>Current Protocols In Immunology</u>, 6.12.1-6.12.3. (John Wiley and Sons, NY, 1991). One specific example of how to determine the activity of a compound for inhibiting migration is described in detail below.

Chemotaxis Assay:

The ability of compounds to inhibit the chemotaxis to various chemokines can be evaluated using standard 48 or 96 well Boyden Chambers with a 5 micron polycarbonate filter. All reagents and cells can be prepared in standard RPMI (BioWhitikker Inc.) tissue

15

20

25

30

35

be

culture medium supplemented with 1 mg/ml of bovine serum albumin. Briefly, MIP-1 α 5 (Peprotech, Inc., P.O. Box 275, Rocky Hill NJ) or other test agonists, were placed into the lower chambers of the Boyden chamber. A polycarbonate filter was then applied and the upper chamber fastened. The amount of agonist chosen is that determined to give the maximal amount of chemotaxis in this system (e.g., 1 nM for MIP-1 α should be adequate).

THP-1 cells (ATCC TIB-202), primary human monocytes, or primary lymphocytes, isolated by standard techniques can then be added to the upper chambers in triplicate together with various concentrations of the test compound. Compound dilutions can be prepared using standard serological techniques and are mixed with cells prior to adding to the chamber.

After a suitable incubation period at 37 degrees centigrade (e.g. 3.5 hours for THP-1 cells, 90 minutes for primary monocytes), the chamber is removed, the cells in the upper chamber aspirated, the upper part of the filter wiped and the number of cells migrating can be determined according to the following method.

For THP-1 cells, the chamber (a 96 well variety manufactured by Neuroprobe) can centrifuged to push cells off the lower chamber and the number of cells can be quantitated

For primary human monocytes, or lymphocytes, the filter can be stained with Dif Quik® dye (American Scientific Products) and the number of cells migrating can be determined microscopically.

against a standard curve by a color change of the dye fluorocein diacetate.

The number of cells migrating in the presence of the compound are divided by the number of cells migrating in control wells (without the compound). The quotant is the % inhibition for the compound which can then be plotted using standard graphics techniques against the concentration of compound used. The 50% inhibition point is then determined using a line fit analysis for all concentrations tested. The line fit for all data points must have an coefficient of correlation (R squared) of > 90% to be considered a valid assay.

All of the compounds of the invention that were tested had IC $_{50}$ of less than $25\mu M_{\odot}$ in the Chemotaxis assay.

The compositions of the present invention may be formulated in a conventional manner using one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. Thus, the active compounds of the invention may be formulated for oral, buccal, intranasal, parenteral (e.g., intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous) or rectal administration or in a form suitable for administration by inhalation or insufflation. The active compounds of the invention may also be formulated for sustained delivery.

10

15

20

25

30

35

For oral administration, the pharmaceutical compositions may take the form of, for example, tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents (e.g., pregelatinized maize starch, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose); fillers (e.g., lactose, microcrystalline cellulose or calcium phosphate); lubricants (e.g., magnesium stearate, talc or silica); disintegrants (e.g., potato starch or sodium starch glycolate); or wetting agents (e.g., sodium lauryl sulphate). The tablets may be coated by methods well known in the art. Liquid preparations for oral administration may take the form of, for example, solutions, syrups or suspensions, or they may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable additives such as suspending agents (e.g., sorbitol syrup, methyl cellulose or hydrogenated edible fats); emulsifying agents (e.g., lecithin or acacia); non-aqueous vehicles (e.g., almond oil, oily esters or ethyl alcohol); and preservatives (e.g., methyl or propyl p-hydroxybenzoates or sorbic acid).

For buccal administration, the composition may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

The active compounds of the invention may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection, including using conventional catheterization techniques or infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit dosage form, e.g., in ampules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulating agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for reconstitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g., sterile pyrogen-free water, before use.

The active compounds of the invention may also be formulated in rectal compositions such as suppositories or retention enemas, <u>e.g.</u>, containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

For intranasal administration or administration by inhalation, the active compounds of the invention are conveniently delivered in the form of a solution or suspension from a pump spray container that is squeezed or pumped by the patient or as an aerosol spray presentation from a pressurized container or a nebulizer, with the use of a suitable propellant, e.g., dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol, the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. The pressurized container or nebulizer may contain a solution or suspension of the active compound.

20

35

Capsules and cartridges (made, for example, from gelatin) for use in an inhaler or insufflator may be formulated containing a powder mix of a compound of the invention and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch.

A proposed dose of the active compounds of the invention for oral, parenteral or buccal administration to the average adult human for the treatment of the conditions referred to above (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis) is 0.1 to 1000 mg of the active ingredient per unit dose which could be administered, for example, 1 to 4 times per day.

Aerosol formulations for treatment of the conditions referred to above (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis) in the average adult human are preferably arranged so that each metered dose or "puff" of aerosol contains 20 μg to 1000 μg of the compound of the invention. The overall daily dose with an aerosol will be within the range 0.1 mg to 1000 mg. Administration may be several times daily, for example 2, 3, 4 or 8 times, giving for example, 1, 2 or 3 doses each time.

The active agents can be formulated for sustained delivery according to methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Examples of such formulations can be found in United States Patents 3,538,214, 4,060,598, 4,173,626, 3,119,742, and 3,492,397.

The compounds of the invention can also be utilized in combination therapy with other therapeutic agents such as with immunosuppressant agents such as cyclosporin A and FK-506, Cellcept®, rapamycin, leuflonamide or with classical anti-inflammatory agents (e.g. cyclooxygenase/lipoxegenase inhibitors) such as tenidap, aspirin, acetaminophen, naproxen and piroxicam, steroids including prednisone, azathioprine and biological agents such as OKT-3, anti IL-2 monoclonal antibodies (such as TAC).

The following Examples illustrate the preparation of the compounds of the present invention. Melting points are uncorrected. NMR data are reported in parts per million (δ) and are referenced to the deuterium lock signal from the sample solvent (deuteriochloroform unless otherwise specified). Commercial reagents were utilized without further purification. THF refers to tetrahydrofuran. DMF refers to N,N-dimethylformamide. Chromatography refers to column chromatography performed using 32-63 mm silica gel and executed under nitrogen pressure (flash chromatography) conditions. Low Resolution Mass Spectra (LRMS) were recorded on either a Hewlett Packard 5989®, utilizing chemical ionization (ammonium), or a Fisons (or Micro Mass) Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization (APCI) platform which uses a 50/50 mixture of acetonitrile/water with 0.1% formic acid as the ionizing agent. Room or ambient temperature refers to 20-25°C. All non-aqueous reactions were run under a nitrogen atmosphere for convenience and to maximize yields. Concentration at reduced pressure means that a rotary evaporator was used. The names

for the compounds of the invention were created by the Autonom 2.0 PC-batch version from Beilstein Informationssysteme GmbH (ISBN 3-89536-976-4).

EXAMPLE 1

QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-CYCLOHEXYLMETHYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-6-METHYL-4(R)-METHYLCARBAMOYL-HEPTYL-6-ENYL)-AMIDE

10

15

25

30

35

METHOD A

QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID {1-[4-(2-METHYLPROPEN-2-YL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDROFURAN-2-YL]-2-CYCLOHEXYL-ETHYL}-AMIDE

1-{4-(2-methylpropen-2-yl)-[5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl]-2-To a solution of cyclohexyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (302 mg, 0.83 mmol)(prepared according to the method of Fray, supra, except that (S)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-cyclohexyl-1propionaldehyde is the starting material aldehyde) in 15 mL of methylene chloride was added 1.5 mL of trifluoroacetic acid. The mixture was stirred at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere for 2 hours at which time the solvent was removed by azeotropic distillation under reduced pressure, using toluene as a cosolvent during the distillation. The 20 resulting crude oil was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL) and quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (219 mg, 1.26 mmol), hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT)(188 mg, 1.39 mmol), triethylamine (0.25 mL, 1.80 mmol) and N-3-dimethylaminopropyl-N'-ethylcarbodiimide (EDC)(248 mg, 1.29 mmol) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solution was transferred to a separatory funnel with 15 mL of methylene chloride and washed with 10% citric acid, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and the solvent removed in vacuo. The remaining crude oil was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3:1 hexanes: ethyl acetate to provide quinoline-3-carboxylic acid {1(S)-[4(R)-(2-methylpropen-2-yl)-5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-2(S)-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-ethyl}-amide as a white foam (236 mg, 67%).

LRMS: 421 (MH+); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.90-1.89 (m, 13H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 2.03-2.14 (m. 2H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.48 (d, 1H, J=14.6 Hz), 2.73 (m, 1H), 4.63 (m, 2H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 6.9 (brs, 1H), 7.59 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.77 (t, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.88 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 8.67 (s, 1H), 9.37 (d, 1H, J=2.1 Hz).

METHOD B

(1(S)-CYCLOHEXYLMETHYL-2(S)-QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID HYDROXY-6-METHYL-4(R)-METHYLCARBAMOYL-HEPTYL-6-ENYL)-AMIDE

Methylamine was bubbled into a solution of the product from Method A (55 mg, 0.129 mmol) in methanol (2.5 mL). The solution was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature

15

20

25

30

35

5 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide the title compound (57 mg, 98%) as a pure white solid.

LRMS: 453 (MH+), 421, 283, 173; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.82-1.87 (m, 13H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 2.13 (dd, 1H, J=14.1, 8.7 Hz), 2.38 (d, 1H, J=14.2 Hz), 2.71 (d, 3H, J=4.7 Hz), 2.74 (m, 1H), 3.77 (d, 1H, J=8.7), 4.23 (br, 1H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 5.03 (brs, 1H), 6.60 (q, 1H, J=4.7Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J=9.3), 7.54 (t, 1H, J=7.1), 7.73 (t, 1H, J=7.1Hz), 7.81 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 8.04 (d, 1H, J=8.4), 8.61 (d, 1H, J=1.9), 9.33 (s, 1H).

EXAMPLE 2

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-BENZYLCARBAMOYL-7-FLUORO-2(S)-HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

ALLYLIC ALKYLATION

METHOD C:

{1(S)-[4(R)-(3-METHYL-BUT-2-ENYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a flame dried round bottom flask under a nitrogen atmosphere was added tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) followed by 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyldisilazane (8 mL, 37.8 mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0°C and n-butyl lithium (14.5 mL of a 2.5 M solution in hexanes, 36.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, then cooled to -78 °C in dry ice / acetone bath. {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (5 g, 16.4 mmol) (prepared by the method of Fray, J. Org. Chem., (51) 4828 (1986)) dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dropwise via syringe and stirring continued for 30 minutes. A solution of 4-bromo-2-methyl-2-butene (2.07 mL, 18.0 mmol) in 40 mL of THF was added dropwise via syringe. Stirring was continued for 3 hours during which time the temperature rose to -60°C. The mixture was quenched by slow addition of saturated, aqueous ammonium chloride (25 mL). Upon warming to room temperature, the solution was diluted with ether (300 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous citric acid (2x100mL), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO₃)(2x100mL), and 100 mL brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. Thin layer chromatography in 1:2 hexane/diethyl ether (Et₂O) revealed product with an R_f of 0.8. The resulting crude oil was chromatographed on silica gel (225g) eluting with 2:1 TLC: hexanes/diethyl ether to provide 4.73 g (77%) of the title compound. Hexanes/Et₂O R_f: 0.8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27 ppm (5H, m), 5.02 (1H, b), 4.52 (1H, d, J=9.3 Hz), 4.42 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 3.98 (1H, dt, J= 8.5, 7.8 Hz), 2.93 (2H, m), 2.88

15

20

25

30

35

5 (1H, b), 2.68 (1H, m), 2.41 (1H, m), 2.24 (1H, m), 1.92 (1H, m), 1.65 (3H,s), 1.58 (3H,s), 1.37 (9H, s).

METHOD D

5(S)-(1(S)-AMINO-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-3(R)-(3-FLUORO-3-METHYL-BUTYL)-DIHYDRO- FURAN-2-ONE

To a solution of product from Method C (9.81 g, 26.3 mmol) in dry benzene (300 mL) was added HF•pyridine (88 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hours, then transferred to a 4 L beaker. To this was added ice, and the pH was slowly adjusted to 8-9 by addition of 2 M aqueous sodium hydroxide (NaOH_{aq}). The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (EtOAc) and the organics dried over magnesium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel yielded the title compound (5.68 g, 74%).

METHOD E

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID {1(S)-[4(R)-(3-FLUORO-3-METHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-AMIDE

To a solution of quinoxaline carboxylic acid (5.05 g, 29.0 mmol) in methylene chloride (100 mL) was added dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (3.55 g, 29.0 mmol) and EDCI (5.55 g, 29.0 mmol). The solution was stirred 10 minutes, then the product from Method D, above, (5.68 g, 19.4 mmol) was added in one portion. The solution was stirred for 12 hours, then diluted with diethyl ether and washed with saturated aqueous brine. The organics were dried over magnesium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography to yield the title compound (5.62 g, 64%).

METHOD F

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-BENZYLCARBAMOYL-7-FLUORO-2(S)-HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

To a solution of the product from Method E (0.10 g, 0.22 mmol) in dioxane (2 mL) was added glacial acetic acid (0.038 mL, 0.66 mmol) and benzylamine (approx. 1 mL, excess). The resulting solution was warmed to reflux for 1 hour, cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with water. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organics were dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel, followed by recrystallization from methylene chloride/hexanes gave the title compound (0.068 g, 56%). m.p. 183 -184 °C.

10

15

25

30

35

EXAMPLE 3 METHOD F'

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1-BENZYL-7-FLUORO-2-HYDROXY-4-HYDROXYCARBAMOYL-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.55g, 22.4 mmol) and KOH (1.51g, 26.7 mmol) were combined in anhydrous methanol (20 mL) and stirred for 30 minutes under a dry nitrogen atmosphere, and then filtered. To the resulting filtrate was added the product from Method E (500 mg, 1.17 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue solvated in EtOAc (50 mL) and transferred to a separated funnel. The organic layer was washed with water and brine and dried (MgSO4). After filtration the solvent was removed in vacuo and the remaining residue recrystallized (methylene chloride/Hexanes) to give a pale yellow solid (330 mg, 58%) m.p. 165-166°C

EXAMPLE 4

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

20

ALKENE HYDROGENATION

METHOD G

{1(S)-[4(R)-(3-METHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

The product from Method C, from Example 2 above, (3.0 g, 8.04 mmol) was placed in a 250 mL Parr Shaker bottle and dissolved in ethanol (50 mL). Under a nitrogen atmosphere, Palladium (Pd) on activated carbon (0.30 g, 10% Pd content) was added to the solution. The mixture was placed on a Parr Shaker hydrogenator at 50 psi for 5 hours at room temperature. The hydrogenation mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then poured through a Celite® pad while washing copiously with ethyl acetate. The solvent of the filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to yield the title compound, 2.63 g (88%).

 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27 (5H, m), 4.54 (1H, d, J=9.8 Hz), 4.46 (1H, t, J=6.9), 4.0 (1H, dt), 2.89 (2H, d, J=8.1), 2.57 (1H, m), 2.32 (1H, b), 1.89 (1H, m), 1.79 (1H, m), 1.52 (2H, m), 1.37 (9H, s), 1.23 (2H, m), 0.86 (6H, d, J=6.6 Hz).

The product from Method G was converted into the title compound by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas to yield 0.095 q (72%) of the title compound.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.61(1H, s), 8.32 (1H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 8.16 (2H, m), 7.86 (2H,m), 7.28 (10H, m), 7.19 (1H, m), 5.70 (1H, b), 5.29 (1H, b), 4.27 (1H, m), 8.21 (1H, d, J=4.4 Hz), 3.91 (1H, m), 3.11 (2H, m), 2.46 (1H, m), 1.74 (1H, t, J=6.4 Hz), 1.61 (1H, m), 1.42 (2H, m), 1.17 (1H, m), 1.09 (1H, m), 0.81 (3H, d, J=7.1 Hz), 0.79 (3H, d, J=7.1 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):d 179.11, 163.73, 143.90, 143.76, 143.15, 140.28, 137.96, 131.68, 130.84, 129.84, 129.44, 129.25, 128.58, 126.60, 68.55, 55.90, 43.44, 38.39, 36.90, 36.70, 29.77, 28.03, 22.42

EXAMPLE 5

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID 1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-7,7-DIMETHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

15

20

35

METHOD H

TRIFLATE ALKYLATION _

{1-[4-(3,3-DIMETHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a flame dried round bottom flask under a nitrogen atmosphere was added terahydrofuran (THF) (2 mL) and 1,1,1,3,3,3 hexamethyldisilazane (0.82 mL, 3.88 mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0°C and n-butyl lithium (1.48 mL of a 2.5 M solution in hexanes, 3.72 mmol) was added dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes and then cooled to -78°C. {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.52 g, 1.69 mmol prepared by the method of Fray, supra) dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was slowly added to the solution via syringe and the solution was stirred for 1 hour. A solution of the desired triflate, i.e. 3,3-dimethylbutyl triflate (0.92 g, 3.37 mmol)(prepared according to the method of Beard, et al., J Org Chem., 38, 3673 (1973)) in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was added dropwise via syringe and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at -78°C. The mixture was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous ammonium chloride (NH₄Cl) (25 mL). Upon warming to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (40 mL), transferred to a separatory funnel, and washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (2x40 mL), saturated NaHCO₃ (2x40 mL), and brine (40 mL). The organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The resulting crude oil was chromatographed on silica gel (25g) eluting with 100 mL 5:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate followed by 400 mL 4:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate. This provided 0.36 g (50%) of the title compound.

TLC: (4:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate) R_f : 0.3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) :8 7.25 (m, 7H), 6.92 (t, 1H, J= 7.5 Hz), 6.85 (d, 2H, J= 8.1 Hz), 4.67 (d, 2H, J= 6.0 Hz), 4.49 (t, 1H, J=

15

35

5 9.6 Hz), 4.06 (m, 3H), 2.89 (m, 3H), 2.43 (m, 1H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

The product of Method H was converted to the title compound by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

EXAMPLE 6

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID [1(S)-BENZYL-4(S)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-4-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-BUTYL]-AMIDE AND

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID [1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-4-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-BUTYL]-AMIDE

METHOD I

{1(S)-[4(S)-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

20 To a solution of diisopropylamine (0.90 mL, 6.88 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0°C was added a solution of n-butyl lithium (2.7 mL; 6.71 mmol, 2.5 M in hexanes). The solution was stirred for 15 minutes, then cooled to - 78 °C. To this was added dropwise a solution of {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.0 g, 3.27 mmol prepared as in example 2, method C) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) and the reaction 25 was stirred an additional 30 minutes. To this was added the appropriate ketone, e.g., cyclohexanone) (0.37 mL, 3.60 mmol), and the solution was warmed to ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous bicarbonated NaHCO₃) solution and the mixture extracted with diethyl ether. The combined organics were dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated. Chromatography 30 on silica gel gave a mixture of separable diastereomers of {{1(S)-{4(S)-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.687 g) and {1(S)-[4(R)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenylethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.269 g) in 67 % overall yield.

The products from Method I were converted to the title compounds by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

EXAMPLE 7

FLUORO-QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(\$)-BENZYL-4(\$)-CARBAMOYL-4-CYCLOHEXYL-2(\$)-HYDROXY-BUTYL)-AMIDE AND

FLUORO-QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-4-CYCLOHEXYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-BUTYL)-AMIDE

10

15

20

25

METHOD J

{1(S)-[4(S)-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a solution of the title compound from Method I, Example 5, (1.38 g, 3.42 mmol) in benzene (40 mL) was added (methoxycarbonylsulfamoyl)-triethylammonium hydroxide, inner salt (Burgess reagent) (1.30 g, 5.47 mmol) and the solution was warmed to reflux for 2 hours. The reaction was diluted with diethyl ether and washed with saturated aqueous brine. The organics were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to give the crude elimination product. This was directly dissolved in 5:1 tetrahydrofuran/methanol (THF/MeOH)(30 mL) and transferred to a Parr flask containing 10% palladium on carbon (Pd/C) (1 g). The mixture was hydrogenated at 35 psi for 1.5 hours, then filtered through a pad of Celite and the filtrate concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel yielded the title compound as a mixture of separable diastereomers {1(S)-[4(S)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.53 g) and {1(S)-[4(R)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.29 g) in 62 % overall yield.

The products from Method J were converted to the title compounds by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

30

EXAMPLES 8-312

The compounds from Table 1 were prepared according to the methods described above, substituting where appropriate the correct R² aldehyde, R³ group (such as allylic halide, alkyl triflate, ketone, etc.), R¹ carboxylic acid or R⁴ and R⁵ amine where appropriate.

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
8.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		455
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		ļ
. '	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
·	amide		
9.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	• •	ľ
	(6-chloro-1-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-	•	
	hydroxy-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-		1
	enyl)-amide		
10.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	155-157	414
	(2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-isobutyl-6-methyl-	•	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
11.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	69-71	415
	1(S)-sec-butyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	·	150
12.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		452
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-	•	1
	enyl)-amide	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	450
13.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	•	453
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-		
	enyl)-amide	115-119	
14.	N-1(S)-Cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-	119-118	1
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		1
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-phenyl- nicotinamide		
4.5	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-	162-163	
15.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-	102-103	
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
16.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		467
16.	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-4(R)-		1
¥	dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		ļ
	methyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide		
17.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	171-175	453,
11.	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	1	436
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		-
18.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		455,
10.	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		437
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		1 .
19.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	180-182	454
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		ĺ
	amide		
20.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	186-188	440,
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-	1	478,
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		423

5 1/4 1654 5	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
21.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-	170.5-172.5	494
	cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		i
	amide		
22.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		454
	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		•
	amide		
23.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	200-201.5	454
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	200 201.0	
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		i
	amide		· ·
24.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	199-200.5	488
24.		199-200.5	400
*	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		ļ
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-		1
	pentyl)-amide		
25.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	109-110.5	489
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
•	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-		
	pentyl)-amide		
26.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	142-144	490,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		417
	hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		
27.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	148-150	488,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-		417
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide	·	
28.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	158-162	524,
20.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-	100,102	417
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		'''
29.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	174-179	474
29.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-	174-173	17/7
	cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-heptyl)-amide	400 400 5	440
30.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	190-192.5	448
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	175 170	100
31.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	175-176	462
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		j
	hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		
32.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		476
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	1	
33.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	158-162	478
	[1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-		
	hydroxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-	1	
	heptyl]-amide		
34.	Cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid	185-186.5	449
∪ →.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	100 ,00.0	'''

EXAMPLE	TABLE 1	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	200-201	448
35.		200-201	440
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		ŀ
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	400 407	440
· '36.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	166-167	449
•	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		420
37.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	184.5-185.5	478
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-		
	bromo-nicotinamide		
38.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		454
	1(R)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(R)-hydroxy-6-	•	
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		
39.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	196-197	554
	[1(S)-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide,		
40.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	178-179	555
	[1(S)-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide	•	
41.	Isoquinoline-1-carboxylic acid	178-179	448
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		7
42.	Quinoline-4-carboxylic acid	189-192	448
74.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	,	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
43.	Quinoline-6-carboxylic acid	165-167	448
40.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	100-101	'
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
44.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	220.5-222.5	464
44.		220.5-222.5	404
	[2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-		
	6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-	·	1
	heptyl]-amide	400 404 5	449
45 .	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid	160-161.5	449
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		+
46.	Naphthalene-2-carboxylic acid	218-220	447
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		1
47.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	172-174	486
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohex-1-enyl-2(S)-		1
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		:
	amide		
48.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	153-154	504
	[1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-(3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl)-		
	heptyl]-amide	1	1 .

	TABLE 1	.,,	
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
49.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	157-163	449
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
. 1	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
50.	Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid	168-170	596
	4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-	٠	
	methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoline-3-		ļ
	carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-		
	phenyl ester		Ŀ
51.	Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid		597
.	4-(3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-	•	
	methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-		
	2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester		,
52.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	185-187	488
52 .	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide		
53.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	132-134	489,
55.	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	102 101	471
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide	·	
54.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid	150.5-151.5	488
54.	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	130.3-131.5	100
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide		
	N-1(S)-Benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-	199-200.5	518
55.		199-200.5	1310
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
	5-bromo-nicotinamide		472
56.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		1 4/2
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	prop-2-ynylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		456,
57.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	,	438,
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		423
	4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-6-methyl-		. 423
	heptyl)-amide	470 477	478
58.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 2(S)-	176-177	470
	hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide	205 007	494
59.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-	205-207	494
	cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		i
	amide,		
60.	5-Bromo-N-(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-	173.5-175	444
	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-nicotinamide		
61.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	1	479
	[2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-		
•	benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-	1	
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide	<u> </u>	
62.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	220.5-224	494
	(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		
	pentyl)-amide	Ţ	ı

	TABLE 1	C	
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
63.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide	120-122	488
64.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide,	177-180	488
65.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide,	170-172	465
66.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide		496
67.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide	212.5-213.5	482
68.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		483
69	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)- amide	173.5-175	468, 450
70.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)- amide	78-80	470
71.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl- pentyl]-amide	198-201	522
72.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl- pentyl]-amide		523
73.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl- pentyl]-amide		522
74.	Benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	181-183	437
75.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5,6- dichloro-nicotinamide	195-196	466, 432

	TABLE 1		LONG
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
76.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	462
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
77.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	188-189	490
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-5-bromo-		
	nicotinamide		
78.	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-	142.5-144.5	452
	carboxylic acid		
·	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		3
•	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
79.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	147-149	463
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
80.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid	156-158	462
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
٠	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide,		
81.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	199-202	462
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
82.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		517,
	[1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-		483
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		
83.	Benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid	179-181	453
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
84.	2-Methyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	225-226.5	462
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
85.	6,7-Dimethoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic	211-214	508
•••	acid		
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
86.	6,7-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	187-189	484,
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		466
•	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
87.	1H-Benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid	136-140	437
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
•	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
88.	5-Methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid	171.5-172.5	413
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
89.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	184-186	466
	[1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide		
90.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	153-156	467
50.	[1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide	i	ł

TABLE 1				
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS	
91.	5-Chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	245-247	470	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		1	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide			
92.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	194-194.5	449,	
	1(S)-benzyi-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		432	
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	. ' .		
93.	2-Methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	175-181	478	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-			
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide,			
94.	5,6-Dichloro-1H-benzoimidazole-2-	114-117	505	
0 4.	carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-		}	
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-			
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	·		
95.	Benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid	86-89	454	
95.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	00-03	707	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		i	
		179-182	484	
96.	7,8-Diffuoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	179-102	404	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		[
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	450 404	500	
97.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	156-161	502,	
	acid		484	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-			
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		1.50	
98.	5,8-Dimethyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic	197-199	476	
	acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-			
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-	<u>'</u>		
	amide			
99.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	103-106	505	
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-]	}	
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	<u> </u>		
100.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		516	
	[1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-	1		
. ,	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-	•	1 .	
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		<u> </u>	
101.	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-	169.5-172.5	466	
	carboxylic acid			
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-			
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide			
102.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	176-178	474	
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-			
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		1.	
	amide			
103.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	120-122	475	
100.	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-	120 122		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-			
	amide			
104	N-1(S)-Benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-	194-198	504	
104.	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		304	
	I IIVITOXV-ALICI-MEINVICAMARINOVI-DENIVII-	1		

TABLE 1 EXAMPLE NAME N.P. (°C) LRMS 105. 5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5- cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide, 106. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5- cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide 107. 6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3- carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 108. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 111. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 115. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 1168-169 490, 472 472 473 474 475 530 504 475 530 505 508		i de la companya de		
105. 5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide, 106. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide 107. 6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 108. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-acyl)-amide 129-133 478	EVALUE E		11 5 (00)	1.0546
Carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5- cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide, 106.				
cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide	105.		143-146	478
methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide,				
106. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide 154.5-156 452. 349 154.5-156 349 159. 349				ļ
1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5- cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide				
107. 6,7-Dihydro-SH-[1]pyrindine-3- 154.5-156 452,	106.		217-219	
107. 6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 95-98 491, 108. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-d-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 95-98 506, 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide 129-133 478 47			÷	444
Carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 108. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 95-98 506, 1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-horzyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 129-133 478 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 111. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 125-130 492 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 168-169 490, 472 472 472 472 473 474 474 474 474 474 475 4				
1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	107.		154.5-156	
4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide				349
108. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid			0	
[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 111. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-d-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-(3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid		4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 95-98 506,	108.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	95-98	
methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide 109.		[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-	A.	473
109. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 129-133 478 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide 125-130 492 490, 472 473 4		2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 111. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid		methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		
2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide	109.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	95-98	506,
2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-		488
methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-	,	7
110. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 129-133 478 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 125-130 492 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 168-169 490, 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 173. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 148-150 472 472 472 473 474 475			,	
1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	110.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	129-133	478
hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 125-130 492		1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		
111. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 125-130 492 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 168-169 490, 472 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 148-150 504, 486 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 151-154 530 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid 87-95 508	•			
1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid	111.		125-130	492
4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide 112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 168-169 490, 472 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 148-150 504, 486 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 151-154 530 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid 87-95 508				
112. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 168-169 490, 472 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 148-150 504, 486 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 151-154 530 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid 87-95 508				
1(S)-benzyl-4(R)- cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid	112.		168-169	490,
cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl)-amide 113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid				472
methyl-octyl)-amide				
113. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 148-150 504, 486 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 151-154 530 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid 87-95 508	•		1 .	
1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid	113	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	148-150	504,
2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide 114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid				486
114. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid			. .	
[1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115.	114		151-154	530
hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115.	••••		·	
methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide 115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid				1
115. 4-{3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)- methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino}-octyl}-benzoic acid				
methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline- 2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid	115		87-95	508
2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid	110.			
i memviesiei – i		methyl ester		1
116. Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)- 379	116			379
benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	110.			
butyl)-amide				
117. 6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic 206-207 516,	117		206-207	516.
acid 230-207 498	117.		200-201	
1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-				.55
4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide				1 .

	TABLE 1		15455
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
118.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	205-206	502,
	acid		485
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
119.	6,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	198-200	498
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
120.	6,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	484,
120.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		467
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
121.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	102-104	517,
121.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-5-	102 101	499
	cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide		''
122.	6-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid	74-76	
122.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	1410	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	ł	
123.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	145.5-146.5	477
123.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-	145.5-140.5	7''
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide		Ì
404		163-165	463
124.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	103-100	403
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-8-methyl-nonyl)-amide	400 405	620
125.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	123-125	539,
	1(S)-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		521,
	7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-	·	508
······································	amide		1.15
126.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	168-170	447,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		430
4	hydroxy-7-methyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide		ļ
127.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	121-123	
	(2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		İ
	methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-		1
	ylmethyl-heptyl)-amide		
128.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	77-79	463,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	·	446
	hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-octyl)-amide	1	
129.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	195-199	477,
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-		459
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
130.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	168-172	469,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		452
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		\
131.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	205-206	508
	1(S)-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl-4(R)-		
	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	1	1
	octyl)-amide		
132.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	170-172	525,
102.	[1(S)-benzyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-		507
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
•	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide		

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
133.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide	174-176	511, 493
134.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide	158:5-159.5	481, 463
135.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	191-191.5	467, 449
136.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)- amide	65-68	461, 443
137.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7(S)-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide	158-161	541, 523
138.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-7(S)-methyl-nonyl)-amide	185-187	446
139.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)- amide	148-150	482, 463
140.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	184-186	467, 449
141.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)- amide	137-139.5	478
142.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	68-70	
143.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide	175 (Dec.)	518, 500
144.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	198-201	498, 480
145.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	179-183	480, 462
146.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-non-6-enyl)-amide	130-132	462, 448

	TABLE 1	V	1.6116
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
147.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	154-155	448,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		430
	hydroxy-non-6-enyl)-amide		<u> </u>
148.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	485,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	**	467
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
149.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	192-196	466,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		449
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	·	
150.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	188.5-189.5	450
100.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	100.0 100.0	
	hydroxy-nonyl)-amide		
151.	2(S)-{2(S)-hydroxy-4-phenyl-3(S)-	178-180	
101.		170-100	
	[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-		
	butyl}-N1,N4-dimethyl-succinamide	405.400	100
152.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	105-108	496
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-7-		
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		
153.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	110-112	523,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-7-		505
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		
154.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	145-147	499
·	[7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-	·	
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		
155.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	206-207	536,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-		518
	benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-octyl]-amide	·	1
156.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	187-189	571
150.		107-109	371
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-	· ·	
	benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-octyl]-amide	1	170
157.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	223-225	478
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		ļ
	methyl-1(S)-phenethyl-octyl)-amide,		
158.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	208-210	463,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-		445
	fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	1	
	octyl]-amide		
159.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		520
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-		
	fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	octyl]-amide		
160.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		551
100.	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		33 !
			ļ
	methyl-4(R)-(4-methyl-piperazine-1-		
	carbonyl)-octyl]-amide,		i

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
161.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	212-214	477,
	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		459
	hydroxy-5-(tetrahydro-pyran-4(R)-yl)-		
	pentyl]-amide		•
162.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		536
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-4(R)-(piperidine-1-carbonyl)-	•	
	octyl]-amide		
163.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		537
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-4(R)-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)-		
•	octyl]-amide,		1
164.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	90-100	481,
	[1(S)-benzyl-3-(2-carbamoyl-indan-2-		464
	yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-propyl]-amide		
165.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	212-216	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-	(Dec.)	
	methylcarbamoyl-7-phenyl-hept-6-		
	enyl)-amide		
166.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid	163.5-165	466
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		449
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
167.	6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-	175-178	456
	carboxylic acid		
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		İ
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
168.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	222-223	461,
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-		444
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;	·	
169.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	178-180	461,
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-	}	444
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide	·	•
170.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	229-232	447
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		
171.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	126-128	447
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclopentyl-	İ	
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;		
172.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	200-202	466.
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		449
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
173.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-	181-183	476
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5-		l
	bromo-nicotinamide		
174.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	184-187	466,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-		448
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide		
175.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	213-215	466
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	1	Ì

	TABLE 1		1.0146
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
176.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-		502
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(4-isopropyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;		
177.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		454,
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		436 ·
	methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-	·	
	amide		
178.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	195-196	456
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-	•	
	methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-		
	amide		
179.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	188-190	516
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(3,3,5,5-tetramethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-		Ì
	amide		
180.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		495
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide;	•	·
181.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	216-217	474,
101.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cycloheptyl-		457
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;	•	
182.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		477
102.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-		
	propyl-octyl)-amide;		
183.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		
100.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-	'	
	propyl-oct-5-enyl)-amide;		
184.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
104.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-		1
•	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	•	
185.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		467,
100.	1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-		449
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-		
	amide		
186.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		467,
100.	1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-	1	449
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-		
	amide		
187.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	160-162	467,
107.	1(S)-benzyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-	100 .02	449
	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-		
	amide	·	
188.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	203-204.5	1
100.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-chloro-	200-204.0	
	2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide		1
400		171-174	447,
189.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	17 1-17-4	429
	1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-6- cyclopropyl-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)-amide	1 .	720

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
190.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)- hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hexyl)- amide	146-148	461, 443
191.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;	218-220	475, 457
192.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide;	190-191	495, 477
193.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide	184-187	553, 536
194.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4- fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]- amide	164-166	487, 470
195.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro- 2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide	165-166	436
196.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro- 2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide	158-160	436
197.	3-Hydroxy-quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	185-189	483, 465
198	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-7- fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)- amide	183-184	-
199.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	188-191	
200.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-7- trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide		571, 553
201.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-8,8- trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-trifluoromethyl- octyl)-amide	187-193	553
202.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-(4-methylcarbamoyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide	170-173	502

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
203.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	215-218	448,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-ethyl-2(S)-	•	431
	hydroxy-heptyl)-amide;		
204.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	151-154	Ì
•	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	•	
	(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide;		
205.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	155-156	572
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		İ
	methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-2-yl-		
	ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide		
206.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	162-164	617
	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(3,4-dimethoxy-		
•	benzylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide		·
207.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		420
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	6-methoxy-hexyl)-amide		
208.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	172-175	450
. 200.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)-amide		
209.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	108-111	463
203.	1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-	100 11	1.4-
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)-		
	amide		·
210.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	221-222	489,
210.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-4-(3,5-		471
	dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	butyl]-amide;		
211.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-	138-140	557,
211.	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	100 110	540
	4(R)-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-	·	1
	octyl}-amide		.
212.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-	138-140	587,
212.	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-	100-140	569
	(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-		
	methyl-octyl}-amide	1.	
213.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-	174-175	563,
213.	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	174-175	545
	4(R)-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-		0.0
	carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide		
044	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	194.5-196.5	482
214.		194.5-190.5	702
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		1
	hydroxy-6-phenoxy-hexyl)-amide	113-118	448
215.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		440
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	(Mix)	
	hydroxy-6-isopropoxy-hexyl)-amide	1007.040	650
216.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-	207-210	650
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-[2-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-	i	
	ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	į	

	TABLE 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
217.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	100-104	558
218.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(2-ethylsulfanyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	78-79	555, 537
219.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-methoxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-methyloctyl]-amide	48-50	507
220.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-3-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide	154-155	572
221.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-4-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide	78-80	572
222.	Quinoxaline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	190-192	467
223.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-tert-butoxy-4(R)- carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)-amide	184-189	479, 461
224.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	100-105	574
225.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(1,1-dioxo-thiopyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;	140-150	511, 494
226.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(6-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide,		640, 622
227.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-(2-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	135	587, 569
228.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-(3-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7- methyl-octyl]-amide		587, 569
229.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-thiophen-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide	152-154	577

	TABLE 1		1.5:55
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
230.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	107-108	610
231.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[2-(4-amino-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide		586
232.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	109-112	631, 613
233.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	* .	631, 613
234.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-[(furan-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	155.5-156.5	547
235.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide		631, 613
236.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-(4-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	114-115	587, 569
237.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6- cyclohexyloxy-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)- amide	150-152	505, 487
238.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)- [(1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylmethyl)- carbamoyl]-1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide		596
239.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	217-219	551, 533
240.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	111-115	551, 533
241.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl}-amide	176-179	497, 478

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
242.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	99-101	
	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(2,3-dimethoxy-		
	benzylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide		
243.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	187-189	477,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		379
	(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl}-amide;		
244.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	195-198	491
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-		
	tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	butyl]-amide;		1 .
245.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	225-227	485,
210.	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-		467
	fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	octyl]-amide		
246.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	>220	502,
240.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-	1 220	485
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		100
247.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-	>220	484,
247.	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-	-220	466
	5,6-dichloro-nicotinamide	·	400
240		190-192	455.
248.	Benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-	190-192	438
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-		430
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	400 400 5	400
249.	Cinnoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)-	198-199.5	469,
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-		451
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
250.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	185.5-187.5	593,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		576
	1(S)-(4-iodo-benzyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-		1
	amide,		
251.	Pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid	211-212	417,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		319
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	. •	l
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
252.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	195-197	520,
	acid		503
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-	1	
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		
253.	Quinoline-6-carboxylic acid	170-173	466,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		449
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		
254.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid	194-197	466,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		448
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		
255.	2-Methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	213-216	496,
200.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		479
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	1	1

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
256.	1H-Benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid	168-169	456,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		438
,	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		
257.	Benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid	152.5-155	472,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		455
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
258.	5-Methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid	194-197	431
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
259.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		470,
200.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		453
	hydroxy-5-pyridin-3-yl-pentyl)-amide		
260.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	210-211	477,
200.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	2.0.2	459
	(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;	٠	100
261.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	231	460,
201.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-	251	443
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		
262.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	208-210	460,
202.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-	200-210	443
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		773
063	Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	238-240	478,
263.	(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	230-240	461
			1701
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide	174-177	461
264.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	174-177	1401
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5,6-		
	dichloro-nicotinamide;	055.056	475,
265.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	255-256	475,
•	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-		450
	bromo-nicotinamide;	150 100 5	450
266.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	159-160.5	453
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	7-methyl-1(S)-phenyl-octyl)-amide,	ļ	470
267.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		470,
•	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		453
	hydroxy-5-pyridin-2-yl-pentyl)-amide,		
268.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-	206-207	482
	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-		
•	cyclohexyl)-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-		1
	butyl]-amide;		
269.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	123-125	495,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		379
	(4-hydroxy-tetrahydro-thiopyran-4-yl)-		
	butyl]-amide;	<u> </u>	
270.	1,3-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-	189.5-191	484,
	b]pyridine-5-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		467
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-	}	
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		1

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
271.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	165-166	1
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		<u> </u>
272.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	• .	
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	methoxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-		1.
	amide		l
273.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	233-235	
	(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	•	ĺ
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		
274.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	182-185	
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-chloro-	7	
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		l
275.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	168-171	T .
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	5-o-tolyl-pentyl)-amide	· .	
276.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	190-192	
•	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-		1
	amide		
277.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	192-195	463,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	, , , , , ,	446
	(1-hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide	•	
278.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	230-233	490
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
•	(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-		
	amide	ł	1
279.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	199-201	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-(3,4-dichloro-		
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		ŀ
280.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	171-173	
200.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-fluoro-		1
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		
281.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	110-112	477
201.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-		}
	cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide		
282.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	187-188	476
202.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	107 100	•
	(1-hydroxy-3-methyl-cyclopentyl)-		
	butyl]-amide		
283.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	114-116	506
203.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-	117-110	555
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-		
004	methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide		494,
284.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		494,
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-5-bromo-	l	490

EXAMPLE	TABLE 1	M D (OC)	·LRMS
285.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	M.P. (°C) 206-209	LICINIS
265.	(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	200-209	l
			ĺ
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide	100 100	ļ
286.	6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-	182-186	
	carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-		
	carbamoyi-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyi-		
	pentyl)-amide		
287.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	203-206	1
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
···	5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		
288.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	234-236	504
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		'
•	(1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-		}
	butyl]-amide		l
289.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-		520
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-3,5-		
	dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide		1
290.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	189-191	491
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		1
	(1-hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide		
291.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	118-119	506
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-		
	cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide		İ
292.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	176-179	
202.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(3-fluoro-		
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		
293.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	178-179	
233.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	170-173	İ
	5-m-tolyl-pentyl)-amide	·	
294.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	146-148	
234.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	140-140	ĺ
	isobutylcarbamoyl-butyl)-amide	1	
205	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	206-207	528
295.	• • • •	200-207	320
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		1
	(2-hydroxy-adamantan-2-yl)-butyl]-		
200	amide	000,000	540
296.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	268-269	516
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	:	
	(9-hydroxy-bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-	- Q	1
	butyl]-amide		
297.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	133-134	544
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(2-hydroxy-		
	adamantan-2-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-	-	
	butyl}-amide		
298.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	130-132	532
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(9-hydroxy-		
	bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-4-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-buty I]-amide		1

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
299.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	147-148	
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		1
	5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide		
300.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	227-228	519
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl}-		
	amide		
301.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	115-117	533
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		.
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-		
	propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]- amide		
302.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-		500,
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		483
•	5-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide		
303.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	246-248	504
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4-ethyl-1-		
	hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-		- 1
	amide	·	
304.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	210-211	505
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-		
	butyl]-amide		
305.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	118-123	520
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-	1	1
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4,4-		
	dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-but yl]-amide		
306.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	207.5-208.5	
000 .	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-	20110	
	1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-	·	
_	butyl]-amide		
307.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	130-131	572
507 .	benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-		
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide		
308.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	250-252	545
,300.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	200 202	
	(1-hydroxy-4-trifluoromethyl-	'	1
	cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide		ļ
309.	Quinoxaline-3- carboxylic acid 1(S)-	94-98	454
309.	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	0 7 00	1.0
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		- [
	amide		İ
310.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	174-175.5	522
310.		177-170.0	522
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-		·
	amide	040 000	470
311.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	218-220	470
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-	1	
	bromo-nicotinamide		l

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
312.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-	147-149	482,467
. •	hydrazinocarbonyl-2(S)-hydroxyl-7- methyl-octyl)-amide		

10

EXAMPLE 313

Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S), 7-dihydroxy-7methyloctyl)-amide

To the lactone from Example 2, method C (100 mg, 0.27 mmol), was added neat trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 hour and the trifluoroacetic acid removed in vacuo. The remaining residue was solvated in methylene chloride (10 mL) and triethylamine (0.15 mL, 1.07 mmol). Quinoxalyl chloride (58 mg, 0.3 mmol) was added as a solid and the mixture stirred for 18 hour. The mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and washed with citric acid (2x10 mL), NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and brine (10 15 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄) and the solvents filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the resulting residue was chromatographed on silica gel (10 g) eluting with 2:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate to provide 99 mg of the quinoxaline amide. This material was solvated in methanol and ammonia gas was bubbled in for 5 minutes. The resulting solution was stirred for 16 hours and the solvent removed in vacuo. The remaining residue was recrystallized (methylene chloride/methanol/Hexanes) to provide the title compound (90 mg, 72%). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CD3OD): d 9.38 (1H, s), 8.21 (1H, dd, J=4.4, 2.5 Hz), 8.14 (1H, dd, J=4.4, 2.5 Hz), 7.93 (2H, m), 7.26 (2H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.17 (2H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.09 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 4.30 (1H, m), 3.75 (1H, m), 3.03-2.98 (2H, m), 2.47 (1H, m), 1.77 (1H, m), 1.56 (2H, m), 1.4 (2H, m), 1.07 (6H, s).

25

20

EXAMPLES 314-344

The compounds from Table 2 were prepared according to the methods described above, substituting where appropriate the correct R2 aldehyde, R3 group, R1 carboxylic acid or R⁴ and R⁵ amine where appropriate.

TABLE 2

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
314	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	153-155	483., 465., 448

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
315	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	162-163	500, 483, 466
313	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,5-	102-103	
•	difluoro-benzyl)-		
. 1	2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-		
	octyl]-amide	-	
316	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	161-163	499, 481, 464
	4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3- chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-		
	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-		
	amide	•	
317	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	108-111	497, 464
	[1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-	•	
	2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-		
240	octyl]-amide 7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-	171-173	501, 484
318	carboxylic acid (1S)-benzyl-	171-173	301, 404
	4(R)-carbamoyi-2(S),7-		
*	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide	•	·
. 319	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-	185-188	519, 502
	carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-		
	4(R)-carbamoyl- 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-		
	octyl)-amide	=	· (1)
	Cotyly-united		
320	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	98-100	517
	[1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-		
	2(S),7-dihydroxy-		
×	4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-	·	
	methyl-octyl]-amide		
321	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	108-110	482, 464, 447
, J.	(1(S)-benzyl-2(S),7-		3-, 1-1, 111
	dihydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-		
	octyl)-amide	<u> </u>	
322	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-		507, 484, 447
1	carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-		
	4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl- 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-	1	
	octyl)-amide		
323	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-	131-135	482, 464, 447
	carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-		
	7-methyl-octyl)-4-	1	
	trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide		
324	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2- chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-		
L	Chioro-Denzyij-2(3),1-	<u> </u>	

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
·	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]- amide		
325	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid [(4R)- carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro- benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	174-177	518
326	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyloctyl]-amide	130-131	499
327	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	158-159	471, 453, 436
328	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	147-148	483
329	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	150-153	517, 499, 466
330	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyloctyl]-amide	110-120	501, 483, 466
331	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	155-158	515, 497, 480
332	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid [4(R)- carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro- benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	183-185	536, 518
333	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	104-106	515, 497

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
334	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	98-100	498, 480
	(2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7- methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-		
· (): 1	ylmethyl-octyl)-amide		
335	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	163-164	521, 503, 486
333	(1(S)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-	100-104	021,000,100
	ylmethyl-4(R)-	İ	
	carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-		
	7-methyl-octyl)-amide	·	
336	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	190.5-191.5	
•	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
	hydroxy-5-(4-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-		
	amide	ļ	
337	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		;
	hydroxy-5-(3-		*
	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]- amide	·	
338	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
330	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-	.,	
	hydroxy-5-(2-		
·	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-		1 .
	amide		
339	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
1	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-	-	
	hydroxy-5-(2-		
	hydroxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-		
	pentyl]-amide		
340	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	.	
· ·	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
	hydroxy-5-(2-		
	hydroxy-3-methyl-phenyl)- pentyl]-amide		
341	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	 	
341	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-5-(3-		
	ethoxy-2-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-2-hydroxy-		
	pentyl]-amide		
342	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-	1	
1	hydroxy-5-(4-	1	
	hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-		
	phenyl)-pentyl]-amide	<u> </u>	
343	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	(1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2,6-		
	dihydroxy-6-		·
	methyl-heptyl)-amide		

-86-

NAME	MP	LRMS
Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
hydroxy-5-(1-		
hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-pentyl]-		·
	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2- hydroxy-5-(1-	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2- hydroxy-5-(1- hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-pentyl]-

25

30

CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula

$$R^1$$
 N
 H
 OH
 R^2
 NR^4R^5

Ì

10 wherein R¹ is (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C15 (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C=O)-O-, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, NO₂, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H_2N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-,)alkyl]_2N-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl]_2N-(C_1-C_6)Alky$ $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-$ 20 (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alky (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyIHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $\{(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- $\{(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_3-C_6) alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

 R^2 is phenyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, $(C_3$ - $C_{10})$ cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl or $(C_2$ - $C_9)$ heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, wherein m is an interger from zero to four; wherein each of said phenyl, naphthyl, $(C_3$ - $C_{10})$ cycloalkyl or $(C_2$ - $C_9)$ heteroaryl moieties of said phenyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, $(C_3$ - $C_{10})$ cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_m$ - or $(C_2$ - $C_9)$ heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_m$ - groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl- $(C_1$ - (C_6) alkyl- $(C_1$ -

5 $H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2,$ amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2$ amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $]_2$ amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl $]_3$ amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl $]_3$ amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl $]_4$ amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ 10 (S=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-. $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₅)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C2-C3)heteroaryl;

15 R^3 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ or aryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$; wherein n is an interger from zero to six;

wherein said R3 (C1-C10)alkyl group may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, 20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, NO₂ amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2$ amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, 25 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H_2N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-,)alkyl]_2N-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl]_2N-(C_1$ $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl; $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alky $I(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alky $I](C_1-C_6)$ alkyI, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(S=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-NH-, H_2N-SO_2-, H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-N-$ 30 SO_2 -(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, [(C_1 - C_6)alkyl]₂N- SO_2 -(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl; and wherein any of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl may optionally be replaced by a carboncarbon double bond;

wherein the (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl moiety of said R^3 (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may optionally be substituted by one to three substitutents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alk

5 (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C_$ $(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C$ $[(C_1-C_6)a!ky!]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)a!ky!, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)a!ky!(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)a!ky!(C_1-C_6)a!k$ 10 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ (S=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-C$ SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said R3 (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-15 (CH₂)_n- group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur, oxygen, >S(=O), >SO₂ or >NR⁶, wherein said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n- group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond with a substituent independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted 20 with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C=O)-O-,H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl NO_{2_1} amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, 25 [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $, (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $-S-, (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)$ alky 30 SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H_2 N-SO₂-, H_2 N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- $(C_1-C_6)aikyI$, $[(C_1-C_6)aikyI]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI$, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_3 -, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl moiety of said R^3 (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen wherein said (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl moiety of said (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms,

- 5 (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-($ $H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1$ amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $(C_1 - C_6) \\ alkyl - C_6) \\ alkyl, \quad [(C_1 - C_6) \\ alkyl]_2 \\ amino(C_1 - C_6) \\ alkyl, \quad H_2 \\ N - (C = O) - \\ , \quad (C_1 - C_6) \\ alkyl - N + C_6 \\ alk$ $(C=O)-, \ \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alky$ 10 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH [NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (S=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H2N-SO2-, H₂N-SO₂-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)alky$
- SO_3 -, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl; and 15 wherein said aryl moiety of said R3 aryl-(CH2)n- group is optionally substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein said phenyl and naphthyl may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, 20 (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-. $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyi,$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O- $(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- $H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6) \\ alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6) \\ alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6) \\ alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6) \\ alkyl, \quad NO_2, \\ output \\$ amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino. amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH_2-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H_2-C_6)alkyl-NH_2-C_6$ $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_$

or R^3 and the carbon to which it is attached form a five to seven membered carbocyclic ring, wherein any of the carbon atoms of said five membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C_1-C_6$

H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 , amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N_-(C=O)_-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-}$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)_{-}$, $H_2N(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)a!ky!]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)a!ky!$, H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)a!ky!(C=0)-NH$, $(C_1-C_6)a!ky!(C=0)-NH$ 10 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, (S=O)-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; wherein one of the carbon-carbon bonds of said five to seven membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be fused to an optionally substituted phenyl ring, wherein said substitutents may be 15 independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alky (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-, H(O=C)- $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-}$, $[(C_1-C_6)aikyl]_2N-(C=O)_{-}$, $H_2N(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)aikyl$, $(C_1-C_6)aikyl-HN(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)aikyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-$ 25 $[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $SO_{3^{-}}$, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, hydroxy, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, hydroxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C=O)-, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p-, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p-, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p-, or naphthyl-(CH₂)_p-, wherein p is an integer from zero to four; wherein said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl, phenyl and naphthyl groups of said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p-, (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl-(CH₂)_p-, phenyl-(CH₂)_p-, or naphthyl-(CH₂)_p- may be optionally substituted on any of the ring atoms capable of supporting an additional bond with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-(C₁-C₆)alkyl,

25

30

35

 (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- (C_1-C_6) alkyl. H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂ amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H₂N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-,$ $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, 10 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-$ [NH](C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1 - C_6)alkyl](C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

or R4 and R5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a (C2-C₉)heterocycloalkyl group wherein any of the ring atoms of said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl group may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H(O=C)_{-}$, $H(O=C)_{-}(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl, $(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl $(O=C)_{-}$, $(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl $(O=C)_{-}(C_{1}-C_{6})$ alkyl, NO_{2} , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂ amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C₁-C₆)alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ H₂N-(C=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-,$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH [NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (S=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, CF_3SO_3- , $(C_1-C_6)alkyl SO_{3}$, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

R⁵ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or amino;

 $\begin{array}{lll} & R^6 & \text{is hydrogen,} & (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl,} & (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy-}(CH_2)_{g^-}, & (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C=O)-(CH_2)_{g^-}, \\ & (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-}(SO_2)-(CH_2)_{g^-}, & (C_6-C_{10})\text{aryloxy-}(CH_2)_{g^-}, & (C_6-C_{10})\text{aryloxy}(C=O)-(CH_2)_{g^-}, & \text{and} \\ & (C_6-C_{10})\text{aryl-}(SO_2)-(CH_2)_{g^-}, & \text{wherein g is an integer from 1 to four;} \end{array}$

with the proviso that when either R^4 or R^5 is hydrogen, and the other of R^4 or R^5 is (C_1-C_6) alkyl, R^2 is (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl or isopropyl and R^3 is (C_3-C_5) alkyl, phenyl, methylvinyl, dimethylvinyl, halovinyl, hydroxy(C_1-C_3)alkyl or amino(C_1-C_4)alkyl then R^1 must be other than indol-5-yl, 6-azaindol-2-yl, 2,3-dichloro-pyrol-5-yl, 4-hydroxyquinoxalin-3-yl, 6-azaindolin-3-yl, or optionally substituted indol-2 or 3-yl;

- 5 and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such compounds.
 - 2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I has the exact stereochemistry depicted in formula

la

wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are as described in claim 1.

- 3. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl.
- 4. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl.
- 5. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl, pyridin-2-yl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindin-3-yl, 20 benzothiazol-2-yl, indol-2-yl, pyrazin-2-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, isoquinolin-1-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-6-yl.
- A compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted 25 6.7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindin-3-yl, pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl, pyridin-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl, indol-2-yl, pyrazin-2-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, isoquinolin-1-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
- 7. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
 - 8. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
 - 9. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.

- 5 10. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 11. A compound according to claim 3, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 12. A compound according to claim 4, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 13. A compound according to claim 5, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 14. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
- 10. A compound according to claim 7, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 16. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 17. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{1-} C_{10})alkyl or (C_{3-} C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2)_n-.
- 18. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C₁-15 C₁₀)alkyl or (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-
 - 19. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{1-} C_{10})alkyl or (C_{3-} C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2)₀-.
 - 20. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{1-} C_{10})alkyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2)_n-.
- 21. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 22. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 23. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methyl-propyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methyl-butyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
- 24. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-30 butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 25. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
- 26. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or 35 hydroxy.
 - 27. A compound according to claim 21 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
 - 28. A compound according to claim 22 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.

- 5 29. A compound according to claim 23 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
 - 30. A compound according to claim 24 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
- 31. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-10 cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, isobutyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 32. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
- 33. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R³ is 4,4-diffuoro-15 cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 34. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
- 20 35. A compound according to claim 16, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 36. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
- 25 37. A compound according to claim 6 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
 - 38. A compound according to claim 8 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
- 39. A compound according to claim 21 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
 - 40. A compound according to claim 1, wherein said compound is:
 - 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
- 8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-35 methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1-(3(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-10 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-20 butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloro-nicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-30 4(R)-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; or

benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide.

35 41. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising an

- 5 amount of a compound according to claim 1 that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 42. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by inhibiting MIP- 1α binding to the receptor CCR1 in a mammal, comprising an amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 43. A method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.
- A method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated
 or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound according to claim
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.
 - 45. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 30 46. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, comprising a CCR1. receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

rternational Application No PCT/US 98/01568

				PCT/	JS 98/0	1568	
I IPC 6	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07D215/54 A61K31/47 C07D24 A61K31/455 C07D217/26 C07D23 A61K31/34 C07D333/70 A61K33 to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national class	37/28 1/38	A61K31/ A61K31/ C07D235	495	C07D21 C07D30 A61K31,	7/85	
	S SEARCHED	Silication and IF	·C				\dashv
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classific $C07D$	cation symbols		-			
	tion searched other than minimumdocumentation to the extent th					bed	
Electronic o	data base consulted during the international search (name of data	a base and, who	ere practical, s	search ten	ns used)		
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						_
Category :	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	relevant passa	nes.		1	Deleverte	\dashv
	more appropriate, of the	. Jievain passa			97	Relevant to claim No.	
X .	EP 0 184 550 A (CIBA-GEIGY AG) 1986 see page 15, last paragraph; cl 1-3,16,19					1,2,17, 18,21, 22, 25-28, 31,32, 36,39	
			•	-			
		-/					-
	•						
	· •		. •				
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χPa	tent family me	embers are	e listed in ann	ex.	-
° Special cal	legories of cited documents:					•	_
"A" documer conside "E" earlier de filing de "L" documer which is citation "O" docume other m"P" documer later the	nt defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance ocurrent but published on or after the international ate in which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or so cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified) interfering to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	"X" docume cannol documents in the cannol documents."	on date and in our date and in our department of particular in the considered and of particular in the considered and is combined and is combined and combined and combined and is combined an	not in confithe principal relevance of novel or step where ar relevance of to involved with or ation bein the same	ce; the claime cannot be c	onsidered to nt is taken alone d invention e step when the er such docu- a person skilled	
22	2 May 1998		10	. 07. 9	8		
Name and m	ailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016		zed officer artramp	f, G	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	

iternational Application No

CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER PC 6 C07D241/24 C07D209/42 A61K31/40 C07D277/68 A61K31/425 C07D221/04 C07D213/81 C07D405/12 C07D401/12 C07D409/12 C07D417/12 C07D403/12 C07D471/04 //(C07D471/04,231:00, cording to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC FIELDS SEARCHED Inimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) cumentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched extension of data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT tegory 7 Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to	
FIELDS SEARCHED nimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) cumentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched extremely actionic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) cumentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched extremely be a searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched extremely be a search document and the fields searched extremely be a search data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
cumentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched other fields searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched other fields searched	
octronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
octronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
octronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Televalit to	oloim Åle
	CIAHTI NO.
EP 0 321 192 A (PFIZER INC.) 21 June 1989 1,2,17 18,21,	,
22,	
25–28,	
31,32, 36,39	•
see page 14, line 35 - line 40; example 8 see claim 1	
& US 4 923 864 A (ROSATI R.L.) 8 May 1990 cited in the application	
EP 0 374 098 A (CIBA-GEIGY AG) 20 June 1,2,17	
1990 see page 3, line 22; claims 1,20,25	
_/	
Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed in annex.	
pecial categories of cited documents : "T" later document published after the international filing date	
document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the	
invention	
earlier document but published on or after the international	
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or	70
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publicationdate of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention	
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publicationdate of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document published prior to the international filing date but	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be conside	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means of the remaining the priority date claimed invention or other published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed e of the actual completion of theinternational search "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. "&" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an invo	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be conside	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publicationdate of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed e of the actual completion of theinternational search 22 May 1998 The and mailing address of the ISA with the international file international file international file international file international search factors. Authorized officer with document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. The document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. The document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alo combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combined with one or more other such documents, such combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other	he
earlier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed 22 May 1998 "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skille in the art. "8" document member of the same patent family Date of malling of the International search report	he

ternational Application No PCT/US 98/01568

A CLASS	SIEICATION OF SUB-		0 30/01300
IPC 6	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER 221:00)		
	•		
According	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national class	ssification and IPC	•
	S SEARCHED		
Minimum C	documentation searched (classification system followed by classif	ication symbols)	
Documenta	ation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent the	nat such documents are instuded in the C	
		at such documents are included in the th	elds searched
Electronic.	data base consulted during the international search (name of data	a base and, where practical, search term	s úsed)
			•
		•	
C DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category 3	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the		
	section, with indication, where appropriate, of the	relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 93 02057 A (SMITHKLINE BEECH	IAM	1-6,
	CORPORATION) 4 February 1993		9-14.
•			17-19,
			21-23, 25-29,
		•	31-33,
	1		36,37,
	see claims 1-3,9,10,13,15,16,18	; examples	39,41,45
			•
		-/	
	,		
			-
-	·		
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are i	isted in annual
	legories of cited documents :	X X XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	sied in annex.
	nt defining the general state of the art which is not	"T" later document published after the or priority date and not in conflic	e international filing date
CONSIDE	ered to be of particular relevance	cited to understand the principle	or theory underlying the
ming da	ate ·	"X" document of particular relevance;	the claimed invention
WITHCHE	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or s cited to establish the publication date of another to the process of the p	cannot be considered novel or convolve an inventive step when the	he document is taken alone
O" docume:	or other special reason (as specified) nt referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	"Y" document of particular relevance; cannot be considered to involve document is combined with one	an inventive eten when the
P* documer	nt published prior to the international filing date but	ments, such combination being of in the art.	or more other such docu- obvious to a person skilled
Mater tik	an the priority date dalmed	"&" document member of the same pa	
		Date of mailing of the internations	I search report
22	? May 1998	1 0. 07. 98	
ame and ma	ailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Hartramof G	

nternational Application No

C.(Continu	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	· · · · ·	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 93 17003 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORPORATION) 2 September 1993 cited in the application		1-6, 9-14, 17-19, 21-23, 25-29, 31-33, 36,37,
	see claims 1-3,7,9,10		39,41,45
· ·	WO 95 07269 A (NARHEX AUSTRALIA PTY., LTD.) 16 March 1995 see page 26, line 5 - line 36; claims 1,20-23		1-41,45
1	GROBELNY D. & GALARDY R.E.: "Aldehyde and ketone substrate analogs inhibit the collagenase of Clostridium histolyticum" BIOCHEMISTRY, vol. 24, no. 22, 22 October 1985, pages 6245-6152, XP002065667 see formula XXVI		1-42,45, 46
	NATARAJAN S. ET AL.: "Ketomethylureas. A new class of angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors" JOURNAL OF ENZYME INHIBITION, vol. 2, no. 2, 1988, pages 91-97, XP002065668 see compounds 30,31 and 32	-	1-42,45, 46
1	see page 95; table II SAWYER T.K. ET AL.: "Peptidomimetic inhibitors of human immunodeficiency virus protease (HIV-PR): Design, enzyme binding and selectivity, antiviral efficacy, and cell permeability properties" BIOORGANIC & MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY LETTERS, vol. 3, no. 5, 1993, pages 819-824, XP002065669 see compound 8 see page 821; table I		1-42,45, 46
		j	

International application No. PCT/US 98/01568

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X	Claims Nos.: 43,44 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
	Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy
2.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3.	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
	rnational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
·	
~1	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark	on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.
	•

Information on patent family members

rternational Application No PCT/US 98/01568

Patent document cited in search report	•u ₁ ,	Publication date		ent family ember(s)	Publication date
EP 184550	A	11-06-1986	AU AU DE DK FI PT US US	4385589 A 592768 B 4982185 A 3585671 A 520285 A 854434 A 81463 B 4931591 A 4727060 A 51122296 A	22-03-1990 25-01-1990 22-05-1986 23-04-1992 14-05-1986 14-05-1986 03-03-1988 05-06-1990 23-02-1988 10-06-1986
EP 321192	A	21-06-1989	AU CA CN CS DE DE DK EG	2688188 A 1314545 A 1034366 A,B 8808203 A 3885252 D 3885252 T 694888 A 18927 A	15-06-1989 16-03-1993 02-08-1989 12-10-1990 02-12-1993 17-02-1994 11-08-1989 31-03-1996
		*	MX	2059540 T 885783 A,B 61548 B 1250345 A 6092366 B 14210 A	16-11-1994 16-06-1989 16-11-1994 05-10-1989 16-11-1994 01-05-1993
			PH PT SU US	26974 A 89210 A,B 1651786 A 4923864 A	28-12-1992 29-12-1989 23-05-1991 08-05-1990
EP 374098	Α	20-06-1990	AU AU CA DK JP MX PT	626361 B 4678489 A 2005340 A 633289 A 2300199 A 18736 A 92554 A	30-07-1992 21-06-1990 15-06-1990 16-06-1990 12-12-1990 28-02-1994 29-06-1990
WO 9302057	A	04-02-1993	AU ÇA	2412992 A 2113644 A	23-02-1993 04-02-1993

Information on patent family members

.ternational Application No

P	atent document		Publication	T		98/01508
	d in search report		Publication date		atent family member(s)	Publication date
WO	9302057	Α		CN	1071434 A	28-04-1993
				EP	0602069 A	22-06-1994
				JР	7500577 T	19-01-1995
				MX	9204233 A	30-06-1994
				PT	100704 A	29-10-1993
				· ZA	9205360 A	14-06-1993
WO	9317003	Α	02-09-1993		3735793 A	13-09-1993
				EP	0628035 A	14-12-1994
				JP	7504417 T	18-05-1995
WO	9507269	Α	16-03-1995	AP	597 A	15-07-1997
				AU	7648494 A	27-03-1995
				CA	2171471 A	16-03-1995
				CN	1135212 A	06-11-1996
				EP	0717736 A	26-06-1996
				JP	9503497 T	08-04-1997
				PL	313407 A	24-06-1996
				SK	31596 A	08-01-1997
				ZA	9406952 A	13-04-1995